

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XIX.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1905.

NO. 2

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

What They Are Doing and Where They Go--Some Interesting Items

NEWS AROUND TOWN

Short Local News Gathered in Our Journeys About the Little Village

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 28--Butter firm at 21c. Output of the week, 747,000 lbs.

New stock of overalls, all sizes, at Chase Webb's.

Walter Taylor of Waukegan was calling on Antioch friends over Sunday.

When you make pickles try my pure cider vinegar. Chase Webb.

If you want a nice dress shoe call and see our Douglas shoes. John Engman.

For Sale--a comparatively new safe. Inquire of J. McMahon, Lake Villa, Ill. 50c

Pillsbury's Gold Medal flour at \$1.50 per sack. Chase Webb.

F. K. Shottliff of Silver Lake was calling on Antioch friends Monday.

You all know how my 50c tea tastes. If you don't, try it. Chase Webb.

Miss Lillie Watson is spending the week with relatives at Waukegan and Milwaukee.

Lew Gullidge of Waukegan was visiting his parents south of town on Sunday last.

The Douglas shoes are the best on the market. If you want the best call. John Engman.

New and second hand pianos and sewing machines for sale or rent, or will trade for horses. L. B. Grice. 20c

Miss Carrie Chard of Libertyville rendered two splendid vocal solos at the Methodist church last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McDougall who have been spending the past few days at Grass Lake arrived home Tuesday.

For Sale--The Minnie Huber property on North Main street, Antioch, Ill. Inquire of L. B. Grice. 50c

Mr. and Mrs. James Gullidge will leave on Saturday next for a two weeks visit with relatives in New York state.

Write to Aldon, Bldinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6c

Mrs. Powles of Union Grove is spending the week with her son, O. A. Powles and family.

Some new fall hats and caps have arrived at my millinery store on Main street. Will be pleased to show them. Mrs. Nina Seymour.

Found--In Antioch, a baby's cloak. Owner can have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this notice.

The Dr. Swartz house on Lake street, formerly owned by John Welch, has been sold to the Methodist church society to be used for a parsonage.

Mrs. Belle Pettibone, of Marinette, Wis. Mrs. Fred Houghton, of Ottawa, Kansas, and Mr. J. A. Buttrick of Reno, Kansas, are the guests of Mrs. Marilla Farrier for a few days.

Our 1905 list of improved Iowa farms is now ready. Anyone wanting to buy a home, or for investment, write for prices, terms, and pictures. Northern Iowa Land Co., Independence, Iowa. 52w3

In our statement a few weeks ago that a hotel was to be erected on Channel lake we have since learned that our informant made an error as to the location. The fifty-room hotel is to be built by a Mr. Manning of Chicago, on the point between Grass Lake and Lake Marie, on the old Efinger farm.

Dr. B. A. Camfield, lecturer on diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat at the Chicago College of Ophthalmology, has opened offices in the Meyer's Block, Kenosha, Wis., where he will treat those diseases on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays from three to nine o'clock p. m.

Lessons on the Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar and Mandolin and instruction in Harmony may be had at the studio of Prof. O. A. Linneren, Antioch. Can furnish the above instruments carefully selected, and at low prices. The piano handled is high grade and unsurpassed in beauty of tone, evenness of scale, workmanship and durability. Prof. O. A. Linneren. 82m6

Latest styles in ladies button shoes at John Engman's.

Don't forget my 25c Tamoka coffee. Chase Webb.

Call and see the latest styles in ladies, gents and boys shoes at John Engman's.

Chester Hockney of Silver Lake was visiting his parents north of town over Sunday.

Just received a line of men's patent colt button shoes. Call and see them. John Engman.

John Moffatt of Chicago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Smith at their home at Channel lake.

Ladies button shoes are now the style. We have a large stock to select from. Call and see them. John Engman.

Mrs. Belle Gilbert arrived home on Saturday evening after spending the past month with relatives at Chetek, Wis.

Joe Labdon started on Thursday of last week for England where he will visit a few weeks with his parents.

Next Sunday, September 3, there will be a clam bake at Spring's summer resort at Grass Lake. The Antioch band has been engaged for the occasion and all who attend are assured of plenty to eat and a good time.

For Sale--A cider mill press, boiler and engine. The boiler is a ten horse power and the engine is an eight horse power. Everything in first class condition. Inquire of J. B. Palmer, Lake Villa, Ill. 51c.

Miss May Sullivan and Mrs. F. Solland of Chicago who are spending their vacation in this vicinity are visiting a few days with Mrs. James Wilton. They all made a trip to Zion City Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will hold its regular meeting in the church basement Wednesday afternoon, September 6, at three o'clock. Visitors always welcome. Supper served from five to seven. Jessie E. Higgins, Sec'y.

Low rates round trip to the south west, Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Kansas and Missouri, via Frisco system, the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Return limit twenty-one days, stopover in both directions. For further information address Geo. E. Webb, Immigration agent, Antioch, Ill. 47c

The final quarterly conference of this year was held at the Methodist church on Monday evening. Reports from all departments of the church were very encouraging. The pastor was unanimously invited to remain on this charge for the third year.

The Antioch district school will open on Monday, Sept. 4. The prospects are bright for a large attendance of non-resident pupils. The teachers will be the same as last year with the exception of Miss Smith, whose place will be filled by Miss Welch, and Miss Watson will take Miss Welch's room.

The Antioch Court of Honor will give a basket picnic on the Brooks farm (formerly owned by Mr. Haynes) on the south shore of Cross lake on Tuesday, September 5. Speaking at half past one. Speakers: Supervising Deputy, Geo. W. Walker, and Rev. Cloworth. After the speaking there will be games, races, contests, etc. Every body invited. Ice cream and lemonade served on the grounds.

Services at the Methodist church next Sunday will be as follows: Morning class at 10 o'clock; preaching at 10:30 on the subject "Between God's Shoulders"; 11:30 reception and sacrament of the Lord's supper; Sunday school at 12 o'clock; Junior League at 3:00 p. m.; Epworth League at 6:45 p. m.; preaching in the evening at 7:30. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

Mr. Daniel Wheeler died at his home at Libertyville, on Wednesday, August 23, 1905, at the age of eighty years, 8 months and eleven days. Mr. Wheeler was a brother-in-law of John Porter, Sr., they having married sisters when young men. One year ago last May each had a stroke of paralysis and both died on the same day, Mr. Porter having passed away at 8:30 o'clock Wednesday morning and Mr. Wheeler at 9:00 o'clock the same day.

Mr. Ben Achen of Russell came to Antioch Tuesday morning with a drum corps notifying the people of the harvest picnic being held in Taylor's grove at Hickory. Major Rankin, an old veteran, G. W. McDonald, the youngest drummer boy to enter the service, and L. R. Slater rendered many familiar and old time martial tunes. The day was an ideal one and a large turnout and a good time was enjoyed by all.

A Chance for You.

To have your eyes examined free and if you need them to get the best glasses at reasonable prices. Miss Emmert, of Chicago, an optician who is well known in this vicinity for her remarkable ability to overcome headaches, as well as to fit the eyes to read and sew with comfort and ease, will remain another week at the Lux hotel, at Antioch, giving free examination of eyes by her improved system.

TRAIN GRINDS MAN TO DEATH

C. A. Esterlund Killed by Theater Train at Lake Bluff Sunday Night

HAD BEEN DRINKING

Family Disclaims Responsibility For Burial--Abandoned Wife and Children

C. A. Esterlund, a workman in the employ of the Chicago and State Line railway gang quartered on the Mines place near Lake Bluff, was struck and ground to pieces at Lake Bluff by a train on the Northwestern road Sunday night.

The foreman of the construction gang at the coroners inquest identified the remains which for a time were unidentified. Esterlund came from South Elgin and had been in the employ of the company about a year, having a wife and five children there.

It is supposed that he abandoned them or fled the town as the result of some scrape as they were indifferent to his fate when notified and the county will have to bury him. The man had no insurance and the foreman said that he had barely a dollar coming from the road.

Esterlund left the camp at Lake Bluff at about 6 o'clock Sunday evening with the word that he was going to Highwood for snuff, of which he was an inveterate taker. It is supposed he got whisky instead and lay down on the railroad tracks.

The theory is that he got off the electric cars at Truesdale avenue and walked towards camp across the Northwestern tracks. Either from drunkenness or some other cause he fell and he was unable to regain his feet and was struck by the train.

There were no papers and in the torn pockets were found a cheap watch, seventy cents in change and a pocket knife.

Roosevelt to Name School

Naval and governmental officials are now considering a name for the naval training school, and North Chicago is much interested in the process for two reasons--first, it will change the name of the school from the "Lake Bluff School," whereby Lake Bluff has gained much undue prestige, and also because it has been suggested and seriously considered to change the name of the village to correspond with that of the naval school, provided a suitable name is elected by those in charge.

It has been conceded that the present name of the town is entirely incongruous as it would be to call it "South Milwaukee," and any new name fitting and non-committal would probably meet with much favor among residents. If the name of the naval school is such that it will make a suitable name for the town, there is much talk of having it adopted.

It has been suggested that the school be named after Congressman Foss, as he was instrumental in suggesting the school, and in locating it where it is, but it is thought more likely that it will be named after some great naval hero who has died either recently or long ago. The name will be decided, not by Congress or the naval authorities, but by the President himself. What he will christen it is of course only a matter of conjecture, but North Chicago is awaiting news anxiously.

Death of Mrs. Thos. Crane.

On Monday, Aug. 28, at her home in Chicago, occurred the death of Mrs. Thos. Crane, a cancer being the cause of her death. She is well known to the older residents of this vicinity as she and her husband were among the old settlers of Lake county, and for many years made their home on a farm near Lake Villa. They left the farm a good many years ago moving to Chicago to reside, but have made frequent visits to their old home and friends since they took up their residence in the city. She was 64 years of age.

"The Interstate Commerce Commission seeks the power to fix the price for an article of universal use, the transportation of commodities," says a writer in the Chicago Post. "Assuming that such power was given to it, advantage would then be taken of the dissatisfaction among those whose incomes and wages had been reduced by the action of the commission to advocate the creation of another commodity of common use--wheat, for instance. So the retaliation would go on from side to side until a bureaucracy would practically govern the country."

Exchange Screenings.

The business man who talks to the readers of a newspaper as he talks to the customers in his store is the one who wins.

In one day recently 100 wives applied at the New York police courts for warrants, charging desertion on the part of their husbands.

Have any of the ladies ever tried wearing men's socks this hot weather? They say they are very comfortable, much more so than the regular long ones.

When a mosquito sees a girl with a "see more" waist on, he hurries back home and invites all his family and the neighbors and friends to come to his party.

"She who works, then stops to play, Will live to work full many a day, But she who never plays at all, Her days for work will prove but small."

The richest baby in the world, according to a late report, is the little son of the late Harold Brown, of Providence, R. I. He is worth between \$40,000,000 and \$50,000,000.

Thirteen carloads of black walnut logs were shipped from Stroud, Okla., to Germany last week. Eight carloads more of the same kind of timber are ready for shipment.

Mary Mannering has canceled her theatrical engagements in order to take care of her little baby. Mary deserves a great deal of credit, for many women would have hired a nurse and went on with her stage life.

James Jane Allen has some friends who have a maid, green as the proverbial grass, named Bedelia. Bedelia had a sore throat and the family physician was asked to prescribe. "Shure, an' he's a wonderful man," said Bedelia. "He told me I must wear flannels. How could he know just by looking down my throat that I'd never a flannel on me?"

A western farmer came to the pastor of his congregation and asked that his name be taken off the church books. "What is the trouble, Brother Jones?" asked the surprised pastor. "I supposed you were a faithful follower of the lamb." "Well, I sorter believed that myself, but there is just no use talkin', a man can't serve the Lord when he has to milk cows in fly time. After the first heavy frost I'll try this church business again, but just now I either have to sell the cows, give up the church, or be a damned hypocrite."

It happened in a railway station. The baby cried and cried. "Perhaps he desires his bottle," suggested a fatherly looking old party. "He has not been raised on a bottle," cuttingly replied the handsome young woman who held the infant. The infant's shrieks grew terrific. He made unmistakable signs that he wanted his dinner. "Beg pardon, ma'am," said the elderly party, "but may I suggest that you--er--permit the child to--er--take nourishment." "This baby belongs to my sister," replied the young lady, blushing seriously, "and she won't be here for half an hour, and I'm holding it for her." Then all the men in the room went out on the platform.

New Money Order Form.

Orders have been issued by the postal department for a new form of postoffice money order, and supplies will be furnished the offices throughout the country in a short time. The department has been greatly annoyed by the operations of persons who purchase money orders for small amounts and raise them, passing them upon merchants after office hours. Although the direct loss falls on those who accept the orders, the department refuses to cash them except as originally drawn, there has been a heavy indirect expense involved in the pursuit, arrest and conviction of the offenders. The form adopted will be issued as soon as the new plate can be prepared and other necessary preliminaries in the way of arrangements can be made.

Death of A. J. Taylor.

Mr. A. J. Taylor of Waukegan, a brother-in-law of E. J. Lewis passed away at the Lewis home on Tuesday afternoon at five o'clock, after an illness of a little over a week. The cause of his death being pneumonia. He was a man fifty-two years of age and had been a resident of Waukegan about five years, where he was employed in Higley's store. A week ago last Saturday Mrs. Taylor came here with the intention of spending a week with her brother and family, and on Sunday Mr. Taylor came to visit a day or so, and while here was taken seriously ill and was unable to be taken home. Dr. Knight of Waukegan was called for counsel, but gave the family no hope for his recovery, and on Tuesday evening he passed away. He leaves to mourn his loss a wife and two daughters.

PEACE IS DECLARED

Tokio Yields on All Disputed Points and War Will be Ended

JAPANESE GENEROUS

Martial Victories of Islanders Crowned by Moral Triumph in Last Stage of Conflict

It is peace. The end of the Russo-Japanese war, the greatest struggle of modern times, has come at last. At noon Tuesday the outcome was announced to the world. With dramatic swiftness the long sought termination of the diplomatic contest was reached at Tuesday's session of the envoys. An armistice is already arranged between the mighty armies now facing one another in Manchuria.

Japan yields the whole of the indemnity which she had demanded of Russia. Not one dollar is to be paid to reimburse her for the cost of the war. The Mikado and the elder statesmen of Japan assume all responsibility for this unparalleled magnanimity. Many Japanese are in tears over what they term "a disgraceful piece."

The Russians are overjoyed at their unexpected tactical victory.

To fill the measure of her generosity, Japan permits Russia to retain the northern half of the Island of Sakhalin, which the mikado could have held by virtue of his military occupation without serious objection on the part of Russia. Furthermore, Japan recedes from her demands concerning the limitation of Russian naval power in the far East and for possession of the Russian ships interned in neutral ports.

Tactically, the triumph is with Russia, and Sérgius Witte is the hero of the hour. Morally, and probably in the solid advantages gained and in the judgment of history, Japan is the victor. Russia keeps her money and saves her pride. Japan secures the foothold on the Asiatic mainland she had set out for and appeals to the world for confidence and faith.

It is strongly believed the settlement means peace with honor and dignity to both nations, and that it is to be a long-enduring immunity from war between them. Following are the terms:

Recognizing Japan's preponderating influence in Korea, but Japan to observe its territorial integrity and preserve the "open door" policy.

Mutual obligations to evacuate Manchuria, to restore Chinese sovereignty, and for the "open door" principle.

Russia surrenders to Japan its Liaotung leases, including Port Arthur and Dalay. Railway from Quanchontze to Port Arthur and Newchwang to be surrendered to China, with limitation of the privileges obtained in 1896 by Mr. Rothstein and Prince Ukhomsky.

Agreement to divide Sakhalin, the surrender of which island Japan at first demanded.

Japan to have fishing rights on the Siberian coast.

An Unexcelled Method.

The method used by Miss Emmert, the option, for fitting the eyes is without equal for many reasons.

It does not require the use of drops or medicine. It corrects all of the defects fully. It determines the amount of nerve strain from a defective eye, and requires but a short time, therefore, does not tire the eye while being examined.

Call at the Lux hotel all of this week and next week or until Saturday, Sept. 9. She will tell you all about your eyes, whether or not you wish to buy glasses, without charge.

The Cantata a Success.

The cantata given at the opera house on Friday evening of last week under the auspices of the Epworth League was a decided success. The children did their parts exceedingly well and every one present thoroughly enjoyed the evenings entertainment. The Epworth League realized about sixty dollars above all expense. The cantata was repeated at Grayslake on Tuesday evening, where the sum of sixteen dollars was cleared.

Thousands of Uninhabited Islands.

Uninhabited islands to the number of 10,000 lie between Madagascar and the coast of India.

Englishman's Harsh Criticism.

An Englishman says that the people of the United States are nerve-racked, bald-headed, gray-headed, catarrhal people, who do not know how to live.

Obituary.

John Porter, Sr., was born in Cayuga county, New York, on February 29, 1824, and died in Antioch, Ill., August 23, 1905.

When he was but eight months of age his parents moved from New York to Pennsylvania, settling on a farm in Crawford county. There Mr. Porter grew to manhood, and on the 4th of September, 1845, he was married to Malinda Garwood. In the spring of 1846 they moved to Illinois and took up a piece of land in Lake county.

In 1850 Mr. Porter crossed the plains and mountains to California in company with J. C. Drake, Wm. Preston, Charles Litwiler and Patrick Renshaw. There he remained for two years, at the end of which time he returned to his home in Illinois. Up to the year 1878 he farmed his place in Avon township, when he moved to the farm south of Antioch now owned by James Gullidge. Here he remained until weight of years compelled him to retire to his quiet home just north of Antioch, where he spent his declining years in rest.

Of seven children born to Mr. and Mrs. Porter only two survive the aged father, Mr. John Porter, Jr., of Antioch, and Mrs. D. Nelson. Mrs. Porter, wife of the deceased, still remains, and though bearing the weight of over 80 years still seems active and well.

Mr. Porter was a good neighbor, honest and upright. He was a kind father, thoughtful and considerate. He was a faithful friend, jovial and interesting. Even his afflictions did not make him morose and melancholy. Just a few days before he died some one was singing that old sweet song "Watching and Waiting", and Mr. Porter spoke up, saying: "I wonder if there'll be any one watching and waiting for me?" He had chosen the text he wished to be used at his funeral service.

A strange coincidence in connection with his death was the death of his brother-in-law. They were stricken with paralysis just about the same time. They both died the same morning and were buried at the same hour. They were about the same age.

To Mr. Porter's good wife and family we all extend our sympathy, and we pray that the grace of God may support them in all their sorrow.

COUNTY FAIR

NEXT WEEK AT LIBERTYVILLE

The fifty-second annual fair of the Lake County Agricultural Society will be held at Libertyville on September 5, 6, 7 and 8, of next week.

One feature this year differing from customs in the past, is the manner of conducting the base ball games. Instead of one large purse to go to the nine winning in a three days series of games, are hung up three \$30 purses, one for each day, and the society will aim to have the best six teams in the county compete, effort being made that each day's game is between teams as nearly matched in skill as possible.

Fulton's brass band of Waukegan is to furnish music all three days, and it is an aggregation of superior players.

The cattle exhibit will excite more than usual interest, as besides some of the most fashionable lake shore farmers who will enter high grade stock are several about these parts who are fitting the choice of their herds to compete for honors.

The midway will team with all that goes to make up that indispensable feature of all fairs, and while there are to be shows under canvas, care is being exercised in their selection.

Two special features are the trick house and trio of acrobats as explained in the Fair advertisement on another page of this paper. There will be performances each afternoon before the grand stand and you will not want to miss them.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend thanks to all the neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our wife and mother, also to the singers and those who contributed flowers.

J. B. Burnett.
Mrs. Eugene Wilton.

We wish to thank the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in caring for our loved one in his last sickness.

Mrs. John Porter, Sr.
Mr. John Porter, Jr.
Mrs. D. Nelson.

Progress.

"People that live in glass houses needn't have any fear nowadays," said Uncle Allen Sparks. "There are plate glass insurance companies."

Announcement.

I wish to announce my candidacy for the office of County Superintendent of Schools, subject to decision of the Republican convention. JOHN HOBBS, Rockefaller, Ill.

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

CIRCLING THE GLOBE

Because his wife, he says, "called him names" one day in 1893, John J. Grafton, who was married forty-one years ago, filed a petition in the St. Louis courts for divorce. Grafton also says his wife has been complaining all the forty-one years and never has been satisfied with anything he could do for her.

The building and stock of the Penn Traffic Company, which operates the largest department store in Johnston, Pa., are a total loss as the result of a fire that started among some refuse near the elevator shaft in one of the wings of the building. The estimated loss is \$500,000, which is almost covered by insurance.

George A. Witzhoff, the bigamist who is accused of having fifty wives, is charged by the New York police with having been at the head of a syndicate of twenty-seven young men who, it is said, married 500 young women in the last two years. All of the women, it is said, were deserted as soon as their money was secured.

Three confederates of Frank Conrad, alias Frank Castor, who killed Police-man Ed Davis some time ago as the former was caught robbing a house in Columbus, Ohio, were run down by Sheriff Korb while they were trying to smuggle a quantity of nitroglycerin to Castor in the county jail. For some time Castor has been writing to Peter Mathias in Canton asking him to send him "soap" and other harmless materials. An examination of the package disclosed besides soap a quantity of nitroglycerin. The man captured gave his name as John O'Brien. The others escaped.

Releasing his grasp on a trapeze attached to a parachute as it opened to the wind, 1,200 feet above the ground, John Williams, 38 years old, dashed to his death at Red House Park, near Chokio, Ill. Every bone in his body was broken. As the regular aeronaut prepared to make the ascension, Williams had rushed forward and seized the trapeze bar, calling to his friend "Good-bye." As he clasped the bar the balloon rose into space, carrying both the aeronaut and Williams. His strength was soon exhausted and the fatal fall followed. The aeronaut was uninjured and alighted a few yards away from the point where Williams was killed.

One man was killed, another was fatally hurt and a number of passengers were seriously injured in a collision which occurred on the Pennsylvania railroad in the south yards about three miles from Logansport, Ind. Fireman Walter Eversole of Richmond is dead, pinned beneath his engine. Engineer Grady was thrown beneath his engine and both legs were severed. He cannot live. The wrecked train was an excursion which was returning from Cincinnati. As it crossed the south yards at a high rate of speed, freight train No. 72, south-bound, was just leaving the main track and the excursion train crashed into it. There were ten cars on the excursion train, four of which left the track.

The standing of the baseball clubs in the principal leagues is as follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.		
New York	82	33
Cincinnati	60	57
Pittsburgh	75	43
St. Louis	46	73
Chicago	60	49
Brooklyn	37	79
Philadelphia	62	53
Boston	38	82

AMERICAN LEAGUE.		
Philadelphia	65	44
Boston	55	54
Chicago	63	45
Detroit	51	60
Cleveland	61	49
Washington	47	63
New York	55	50
St. Louis	41	71

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.		
Columbus	83	44
Indianapolis	59	69
Milwaukee	76	49
St. Paul	58	67
Minneapolis	74	50
Toledo	47	80
Louisville	66	60
Kansas City	38	85

WESTERN LEAGUE.		
Des Moines	70	43
Omaha	81	53
Denver	71	48
Pueblo	40	85
Sioux City	63	52
St. Joseph	31	87

NEWS NUGGETS.

Permits for new buildings issued in New York City since Jan. 1 represent a total of \$159,700,000 in value.

Fire at Baltimore caused a loss of \$125,000 to the Fred Bernier Company, manufacturers of badges and novelties.

John E. Madden, the Kentucky turfman, has been convicted of contempt of court in New York, and sentenced to pay \$250 fine and thirty days in jail.

Fire destroyed the yacht Magadora, owned by Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Panama canal commission. The boat was anchored at Oarabell, Fla.

According to report issued by census bureau, the birth rate in the United States is steadily growing smaller, Illinois being among States showing a decrease.

Adolph Kreis of St. Louis has sued Miss Mary J. Wilson for the possession of a dog and a china cabinet and for \$25,000 damage to his heart by the transfer of her affections to a Presbyterian minister.

Benjamin Kunkle and his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Francis Kunkle, were drowned in the Big Beaver creek, near Lancaster, Pa., while attempting to drive over an open bridge which had been submerged by a storm.

Abraham Lincoln's birthplace, a 110-acre farm near Hodgenville, Ky., was sold at auction to R. J. Collier of New York, who probably bought as an investment. The price paid for it, \$3,000, is not more than it would bring for farming purposes.

Twenty men, constituting all but two of the officers and crew of the American steamship Peconic, bound from Philadelphia to New Orleans with coal, were drowned by the sinking of that vessel off the coast of Florida. The disaster was the result of a fierce gale which raged along the coast.

CZAR SAYS HIS LAST WORD.

Refuses to Pay Indemnity, but Proposes Division of Sakhalin.
Emperor Nicholas has spoken his last word in reply to the Japanese ultimatum demanding \$300,000,000 for half of the island of Sakhalin. His final proposal is to cede a portion of the island to Japan and to make liberal reimbursement for the care of Russian prisoners. He flatly refuses to pay a cent of tribute.

The meeting of envoys at Portsmouth Saturday was adjourned until Monday, and later until Tuesday, at the request of Baron Komura.

Russia declares that she has met Japan more than half way, and has proved to the world the sincerity of her desire for peace, but that she would rather fight than pay an indemnity. On this point Russia has not changed her opinion one hair's breadth.

Russia's final answer was communicated to Ambassador Meyer, who at once informed the President. No stone was left unturned and no effort was spared in St. Petersburg to secure a settlement. President Roosevelt carried on his negotiations with Emperor Nicholas with great energy and showed himself to be rich in expedient. All his communications with the Emperor were made directly through the American embassy, and Mr. Meyer conducted the extremely difficult and delicate negotiations with great tact and ability and won the high esteem of the Russian authorities for his careful and skillful handling of these weighty matters and also received the warm commendation of his fellow members of the diplomatic corps.

Every single obstacle save one standing in the way of the signing of a peace treaty at Portsmouth was overcome. In the matter of a financial contribution Russia's answer was a firm and persistent refusal, and there is excellent authority for the statement that if the Portsmouth negotiations fall it will be solely on the question of money.

LIFE MEN OWN GUILT.

Equitable Directors Admit Some Officials Violated Law by Deceit.
Admitting that some of the officials have been guilty of improper and illegal acts, the Equitable Life Assurance Society has joined with the State of New York in asking for a full investigation in court of its directors and officers, and their alleged mismanagement of the money of the society.

The document containing the admission and request was the reply filed by the forty-nine directors of the society to the suit brought against it by the State. It was filed with Attorney General Mayer. Thirteen charges are answered by the directors. They admit the loan of \$250,000 to the Dewey Improvement Company and \$835,000 to the Mercantile Trust Company, but waive responsibility as far as the board as a whole is concerned, indicating that Messrs. Alexander, Jordan and Denning had the most definite knowledge of these transactions.

The charge that excessive salaries were paid to officers of the Equitable is not directly answered, but admission is made that under guise of salaries excessive fees were given to certain Equitable officials who were also directors in other companies. In defense the answer states that these practices were not known to the whole board of directors. Outlining their belief as to the best policy to pursue in fixing the blame for the Equitable scandals, the directors say, first, that the blame for alleged cases of misconduct will be found to rest on individual officers, and not upon the directors as a body.

COLD WORLD OF NOTABLES

Count Boni do Castellane is reported to be anxious to become president of France.

The German Emperor is probably the only European monarch who carries a revolver.

Admiral Togo is said to receive a salary of \$3,000 a year for his services to his country.

The Japanese Emperor draws \$3,000,000 yearly from the national treasury for living expenses.

Harold Speed, the London artist, who is a bit of a dandy as well as a wit, says: "Look a fool, but don't be one."

Leonid Andreyev is a new Russian author whose work is taking its place alongside of that of Gorky in popularity.

Thomas Lapling of London began collecting postage stamps at the age of 10. His collection is now valued at \$300,000.

King Alfonso of Spain has become popularly known as "Alfonso the Brave" since his episode in Paris with the bomb throwers.

Admiral Togo, when in England in the '70s, was commented on by a critic, who said: "Mr. Togo quite annoys himself with his politeness."

Count von Belz, a member of German nobility, has accepted a position as foreman in a railroad shop in Michigan City, Ind., in order to secure a thorough knowledge of American methods of railroad work.

Sig. Mascagni and wife were watch fobs alike. They are made of common Italian coins punctured with six holes in which are inserted the milk teeth of the first two children. The composer wears those of his son and his wife those of their daughter.

M. d'Albi of Paris was recently left \$45,000 by a fellow countryman who died in Constantinople and who stipulated that he cycle to that city as a requirement for the legacy.

Sir Chieh Chen Lo Feng-tah, formerly Chinese minister to England and one time secretary to Li Hung Chang, is an accomplished man and speaks and writes English fluently.

Little Prince Edward of Wales is already showing a delightful sturdiness of character. He has a profound dislike for arithmetic and shares in the axiom: "Multiplication is vexation."

NEW PLAN FOR PEACE

JAPANESE ENVOYS MAKE NOMINAL CONCESSIONS.

Not Viewed with Favor by Russians—Details of Terms Offered After President Roosevelt Has Interposed as Mediator—Short Session Wednesday.

At Wednesday's meeting of the envoys the Japanese concessions were formally laid before the Russian envoys, and cabled to St. Petersburg. The conference was then adjourned till Saturday afternoon to await Russia's formal reply and permit both of the plenipotentiaries to have full consultation with their governments by cable before the next sitting.

It will be well to have a clear understanding of what had happened before Wednesday's session. When the conference was in imminent danger of an early dissolution President Roosevelt interposed as mediator between the two powers. He sounded both governments as to their willingness to receive suggestions from him. Both assented. Then he brought forward informally as a mediator—as the mutual friend sounding the two disputants as to what they were or were not willing to do—his plan for mutual concessions. In principle this was accepted by both governments. With the acceptance of that principle by both sides peace was assured. Tuesday President Roosevelt sent to Portsmouth for the information of the plenipotentiaries a transcript of all that had passed between himself and the two governments. The plenipotentiaries were also given new instructions from their governments.

Wednesday morning the plenipotentiaries again faced one another across the historic council table at the navy yard. After signing the protocols of the clauses agreed upon at former sittings a great moment arrived. It was the moment in which Baron Komura handed to Mr. Witte the new proposals which he was authorized to present as the result of President Roosevelt's intercession. These proposals were in writing. They were the formal proposals which naturally follow the arrangement made through the services of the mediator. They embodied the suggestion offered by Mr. Roosevelt and accepted, in principle, by the two governments. In them Japan offered in a proper businesslike form a new basis of negotiation, an amendment of the bases tendered at the beginning of the conference. And after a brief discussion of a somewhat informal character Mr. Witte placed the document in his pocket and remarked that he hoped to be able to give his answer by Saturday afternoon. Till that hour the conference was adjourned.

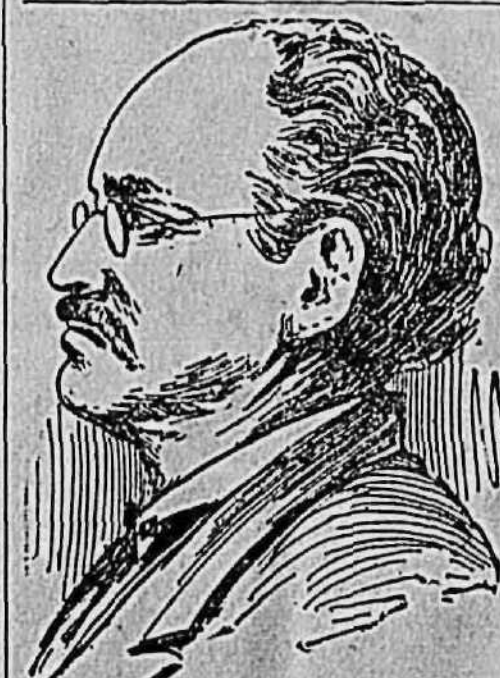
The new proposals submitted in formal fashion by Japan embrace these principles: Sakhalin to be divided; Russia to pay Japan a sum of money in the form of reimbursement for care of prisoners and other services rendered, not as a direct indemnity. Japan withdraws her demand for the limitation of Russian naval power and for the title to the interned ships.

Russia, it can be stated, while rejecting the compromise because it included remuneration for cost of the war under another name, was willing and indeed offered the island of Sakhalin by not only restoring status quo existing before the treaty of 1875, but to delimit the frontier and forever renounce all claim to the southern half.

ESCAPES GIBBET AGAIN.

Johann Hoch, Alleged Wife Murderer, Is Granted a Superseas.

Johann Hoch, bigamist and convicted wife murderer, did not hang Friday in Chicago. A writ of superseas was issued by the clerk of the Supreme Court of Illinois as the result of the efforts of Attorney Frank B. Comerford. Hoch had little to say when the word



JOHANN HOCH.

was carried to him in the Cook county jail. The prisoners gave a demonstration when the news reached them that for the third time the hanging had been delayed. Attorneys assert that the action of the Supreme Court probably will delay the execution until spring. The order calls for estoppel of the execution of Johann Hoch until the Supreme Court has passed on the case.

Henry Graham Hilton, second son of the late Judge Henry Hilton, who sacrificed a \$10,000,000 estate to marry Sylvia Gerish, the famous Casino beauty, died of nephritis on the Hilton estate in Morris Heights, N. Y.

The Russian gunboat, Khrabry, has been bombarded and destroyed by the north coast of the island of Crete, because the insurgents there opposed the landing of a Russian force to take over the custom house.

EARTHQUAKE AT MANY POINTS

St. Louis, Springfield and Memphis Among Cities Shaken.

St. Louis and its vicinity were visited by an earthquake Monday night shortly after 11 o'clock. Three distinct shocks were felt by thousands of persons in Missouri and neighboring States. While the tremors lasted scarcely a minute they were distinct enough to awake sleeping residents of the city, to cause dogs to bark and children to cry out in alarm. The shocks, from a comparison of the time they were felt in the districts visited, seemed to travel from east to west. There was only an infinitesimal period between the shocks. The trembling of the earth was accompanied by a dull rumbling noise which sounded like the passing of a distant freight train.

Springfield, Ill., experienced an earthquake shock at 11:12 p. m. The disturbance lasted fully a minute. Apparently the waves moved from west to east, as persons in their beds at the time report a rocking in this direction. Dishes were rattled in pantries and closets, windows were shaken in their casements and there were other evidences of the disturbance. One household reports plates dislodged from a rack.

Reports from neighboring towns indicate the upheaval was general throughout the central portion of the State. Mrs. Caldwell, wife of Congressman Ben F. Caldwell, says that at their country home near Chatham the shock was especially severe. Several families in the village of Chatham were aroused by the disturbance, and some were frightened by it. The upheaval was followed by a thunderstorm.

10,000 KILLED IN YEAR.

Railroad Statistics Give Total of 94,000 Casualties in 1904.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has given out very interesting statistics in reference to the railroads of the United States. Here are some of the data: The total single track railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1904, was 215,002.34 miles, having increased 5,027.12 miles in the year ending on that date. This increase exceeds that of any previous year since 1890.

The number of persons on payroll June 30, 1904, was 1,296,121, or 611 per 100 miles of line. These figures, when compared with corresponding ones for the year 1903, show a decrease of 10,416 in the number of employees, or 28 per 100 miles of line. The par value of the amount of railway capital outstanding on June 30, 1904, was \$13,213,124, 679, which represents a capitalization of \$4,205 per mile for the railways in the United States.

The number of passengers reported as carried by the railways in the year ending June 30, 1904, were 715,010,682, indicating an increase of 20,528,137, as compared with the year ending June 30, 1903.

The gross earnings of the railways were, for the year ending June 30, 1904, \$1,975,174,091, being \$74,327,184 greater than for the previous year. Their operating expenses were \$1,338,896,253, or \$81,357,401 more than in 1903.

The total number of casualties on railways for the year ending June 30, 1904, was 94,201, of which 10,016 represented the number of persons killed and 84,185 the number injured. In 1904 one passenger was killed for every 1,622.37 carried, and one injured for every 78,523 carried.

EFFORT TO KILL MARGHERITA.

Barricade Put in Road in Alps with View to Wreck Automobile.

An attempt has been made to assassinate Queen Margherita, mother of King Victor Emmanuel, who is making a tour of the Alps in an automobile. The queen mother was ascending the little St. Bernard in her automobile, accompanied by the Marquise Di Villamurina, a mother-in-law of the court, and two gentlemen, when the machine suddenly struck a truck against a stone barricade that had been erected in the middle of the road and was overturned.

No one was injured, but the five occupants were greatly alarmed. Police in an automobile were following the party and at once made an investigation, resulting in the discovery that the barricade had without doubt been placed there to bring about a fatal accident to the queen. Two arrests were made.



MARGHERITA.

One of the men indicted has been arrested at Saratoga. He is Frederick A. Peckham of New York. After a hearing before United States Commissioner Charles M. Davison, Peckham was placed in the county jail at Ballston in default of \$12,000 bail. The others indicted are Edwin S. Holmes, Jr., a former associate statistician of the Department of Agriculture, and Moses Isaacs, a former departmental employee, but now of New York.

It is understood the indictments charge conspiracy to defraud the government. Mr. Holmes was dismissed from the government service in July because of charges made by the Southern Cotton Association that he had juggled the cotton crop reports and given information on the report to favored speculators. Isaacs and Peckham were the favored speculators, according to the statement of another New York speculator, L. E. Van Riper, who declares he had himself received information from Holmes through Isaacs.

All Around the Globe.
New York police made a raid on a den of alleged swindling wire tappers and arrested nine.

In a fit of jealousy John Jebelsoe fatally shot Miss Lela McBride at Anniston, Ala., and then killed himself.

Four bricklayers employed on the new court house building at Greensburg, Pa., were probably fatally injured by the scaffold collapsing. The men fell thirty feet.

Charges of incompetency which recently were preferred against O. W. Buckley, postmaster at Montgomery, Ala., are now under investigation by the Postoffice Department.

Gov. Higgins of New York signed a requisition for Frank F. Hedge of Buffalo, who is wanted in Pittsburgh to answer a charge of felonious assault and battery, alleged to have been committed by him in his automobile.

The Russian gunboat, Khrabry, has been bombarded and destroyed by the north coast of the island of Crete, because the insurgents there opposed the landing of a Russian force to take over the custom house.

MALADY IS CHECKED.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION IS WELL IN HAND.

Expert Thinks Epidemic in New Orleans Will Steadily Decrease from Now On—City Quarantines Against Its Own and Surrounding States.

New Orleans, believing that she has the yellow fever situation within her borders well in control, to protect herself will now quarantine against the rest of the State, where the pest epidemic is extending to an alarming extent.

That the fight in the city is well in hand is shown by the statement of Dr. John Guiteras, the yellow fever expert, who has been watching developments and who says: "I now believe the Marine Hospital Service has the New Orleans fever situation under control. I believe the number of cases will grow less each day until by the middle of September there will only be sporadic cases of fever in New Orleans. I am convinced the spread has been checked and that the disease will be stamped out before frost. The most important thing right now is for New Orleans to protect herself against the importation of fever cases from the infected points in the State."

Mayor Behrman's office is overwhelmed with letters, many from cranks, but others from well meaning persons, who offer specifics against yellow fever. Many of them are germicides. The Mayor's reply to these communications is that the fever is being fought on the principle that it can also be transmitted by means of the mosquito.

A special train carried Dr. J. H. White, surgeon in charge; Dr. Edmund Souchon, president of the State Board; Dr. Beverley Warner and Colonel Charles Janyier to Baton Rouge for a conference with Governor Blanchard. They stopped at the pest-houses of infection at Sarpy, Reserve and other points up the valley road. They will begin this fight more actively at once. At Baton Rouge they arranged with Governor Blanchard for a drastic campaign in the State, where the fever has obtained a foothold on sugar plantations. Detention camps will be reversed. Instead of detaining people who want to get out into the State they will prevent people from infected points from getting back to New Orleans.

The worst nest thus far discovered is that at Leesville, near the mouth of Bayou Lafourche, where there are 177 cases of yellow fever and over 200 cases of dengue fever in a settlement of 400 people, and where a number of deaths have occurred. At one time only one doctor was on the scene, and his difficulties were increased by the fact that the settlement lies on two banks of a rather wide stream. A new center of infection was reported at Terre Aux Boeufs, in St. Bernard Parish, where five genuine and three suspicious cases were found.

Mississippi City, Miss., reported three new cases. Suspected fever has developed in other sections of Mississippi, and Governor Vardaman is as drastic in his measures to stop it as he was to keep it out. Governor Vardaman wired the Foster Creek Lumber Company at Dayton, Miss., that unless the State health officer was allowed to investigate suspected fever in their lumber camp he would send a detachment of State militia to Dayton to force the investigation.

JAILED FOR COTTON LEAK.

Frederick A. Peckham, Arrested at Saratoga, Held in Default of Bail.

Success has crowned the first stage of District Attorney Morgan H. Beach's investigation of the scandal surrounding the manipulation of the cotton crop estimates of the Department of Agriculture. Three indictments have been returned privately by the federal grand jury in Washington.

One of the men indicted has been arrested at Saratoga. He is Frederick A. Peckham of New York. After a hearing before United States Commissioner Charles M. Davison, Peckham was placed in the county jail at Ballston in default of \$12,000 bail. The others indicted are Edwin S. Holmes, Jr., a former associate statistician of the Department of Agriculture, and Moses Isaacs, a former departmental employee, but now of New York.

It is understood the indictments charge conspiracy to defraud the government. Mr. Holmes was dismissed from the government service in July because of charges made by the Southern Cotton Association that he had juggled the cotton crop reports and given information on the report to favored speculators. Isaacs and Peckham were the favored speculators, according to the statement of another New York speculator, L. E. Van Riper, who declares he had himself received information from Holmes through Isaacs.

All Around the Globe.
New York police made a raid on a den of alleged swindling wire tappers and arrested nine.

In a fit of jealousy John Jebelsoe fatally shot Miss Lela McBride at Anniston, Ala., and then killed himself.

Four bricklayers employed on the new court house building at Greensburg, Pa., were probably fatally injured by the scaffold collapsing. The men fell thirty feet.

Charges of incompetency which recently were preferred against O. W. Buckley, postmaster at Montgomery, Ala., are now under investigation by the Postoffice Department.

Gov. Higgins of New York signed a requisition for Frank F. Hedge of Buffalo, who is wanted in Pittsburgh to answer a charge of felonious assault and battery, alleged to have been committed by him in his automobile.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Chicago. Money is seen to be in increasing request for commercial uses, and the discount rate moved slightly upward.

Business conditions reflect steady expansion in new demands and the movement of leading commodities, railroad facilities being tested to the full extent throughout the West.

The marketing of grain has continued on an enormous scale, the quantity handled here aggregating 13,177,757 bushels, against 10,455,575 bushels last week, and 8,783,904 bushels a year ago. Notable gains appear in the receipts of wheat and barley and also in flour. In iron ore and forest products the recent augmentation is maintained, lumber received being 47,008,000 feet, against 42,187,000 feet last week and 34,134,000 feet a year ago. Other receipts of structural material remain heavy. Consumption of building stuff is unprecedentedly rapid and prices have a rising tendency for urgent supplies. The Commercial Association registration exceeds that of last week, testifying to a continued large influx of visiting buyers.

Manufacturing branches exhibit steadiness in both production and forward orders, while price lists have a firm tone. Finished steel continues in good demand, particularly for structural purposes, ship-building and factory use. More activity is noted in implements, hardware and machinery. The demand for lumber and mill work is more pressing, owing to the rush of building operations here and at other points.

Failures in the Chicago district number 20, against 33 last week and 23 a year ago.—Dun's Review of Trade.

New York.

Fall trade, while not yet under full headway, is steadily gathering force. Combined cereal yields will probably exceed all past years in both quantity and quality. Relatively high prices for agricultural products, manufactured materials and staple products do not deter buying operations. Collections on the whole have improved slightly, and even in the South, except in a small area of the fever-infected zone, trade and collections are alike better than anticipated earlier, while the West and East also return more favorable advices. Currency shipments to the country are increasing, but no particular effect on money rates as yet.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending Aug. 17 number 147, against 166 last week, 203 in the like week of 1904, 106 in 1903, 181 in 1902 and 181 in 1901. In Canada failures number 29, as against 32 last week and 15 in this week a year ago.—Bradstreet's Commercial Report.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$5.20; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.35; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.40; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 80c; corn, No. 2, 53c to 55c; oats, standard, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$13.00; alfalfa, \$6.00 to \$10.50; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 10c to 12c; potatoes, per bushel, 38c to 41c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.45; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 82c; corn, No. 2 white, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 25c to 27c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.70; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.35; sheep, \$4.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 80c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2, 24c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.15; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.40; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 81c to 84c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 59c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.20; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 3 white, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.05 to \$1.07; corn, No. 3, 53c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 1, 56c to 58c; barley, No. 2, 49c to 50c; pork, mess, \$14.50.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c; clover seed, prime, \$8.80.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.50; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$5.00.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.05; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.45; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2, 60c to 61c; oats, natural, white, 40c to 41c; butter, creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, western, 20c to 22c.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

MYSTERY IN ELGIN ATTACK.

Howard Heath, Auto Manufacturer, Accused Former Employee.

A vicious assault, mysterious in character, was made on Howard Heath, president of the International Automobile Company of Chicago, in his Elgin home the other afternoon. Bruised in features, dazed from a blow on the head and with his clothing torn to shreds, the manufacturer was found half-conscious in his chair by the Elgin police. The circumstances are known only in part. Mr. Heath declares that he was attacked by a former employee who is a fugitive from justice on a charge of embezzlement. This man is said by Mr. Heath to have gone from Cincinnati to Elgin for the sole purpose of murdering him. Mr. Heath himself made the appeal to the police for aid by telephone. He gave a partial story, and then fearing the notoriety that might follow refused additional details and would not give the name of his assailant. The murderous attack was made late in the afternoon when Heath was alone in his home at St. Charles and May streets. He had just returned from Chicago, and, after his wife and child left the house for a visit, he said he sat down to read a magazine. A noise in the library attracted him and he peered through the doorway. Behind a large bookcase stood a tall man, in whom Heath said he recognized a former employee. Before the manufacturer, who weighs 300 pounds and walks with difficulty, could give a call for help the intruder was on him. In the fight that followed the stranger gave vent to a threat that he would kill Heath, and before he left he struck him across the head with some weapon that left a jagged wound.

ONE CHILD EACH YEAR.

New Regulation for Zion City's System of Natural Increase.

In connection with the announcement recently made by Dowie at Zion City that hereafter all faithful members of his church who marry must first have his written consent or else the marriage will not be recognized by the church, it develops that the "first apostle" has gone a step farther and means to direct to a certain extent the matter of Zion's birth. Dowie has always expressed admiration for President Roosevelt, and has always opposed race suicide to the greatest possible extent, although he himself had but two children. Now, however, in order to show how he feels on the matter of race suicide, which he touches upon frequently in his sermons, Dowie has issued a command that from now on every couple married in Zion shall lead a little lamb to the baptismal font each year. One child a year is to be the rule, and from now on it will only be necessary to ask a man how long he has been married to know the exact size of his family.

WOMAN SOLVES A MYSTERY.

Disappeared Sixteen Years and Returns to Explain Her Act.

After an absence of sixteen years, during which her whereabouts had been a complete mystery to relatives and friends, Mrs. Patrick Kinney suddenly returned to her home in Joliet. When she went away from Joliet she was Mrs. Abram Cox and the mother of several children. Her companion in flight was Patrick Kinney. The two went to St. Louis. Mr. Cox secured a divorce and later married another woman, Mrs. Cox and her companion married. Kinney engaged in the hardware business and prospered. A few years ago he died. Mrs. Kinney recently decided to return to Joliet and see her children. She went to the home of Mrs. Peter Ambros, a married daughter, and was given an affectionate welcome. The second Mrs. Cox is dead. The husband still lives in Joliet. The neighbors believe there will be a reunion and that Mr. Cox will remarry his former wife.

SUPERSTRUCTURE FOR BRIDGE.

Material for Lengthy Span Reaches Edwardsville.

Material for what will be one of the longest bridges in southern Illinois has arrived in Edwardsville for the Edwardsville, Granite City and St. Louis electric line, known as the Allen system. With the exception of this bridge and another smaller one the line is complete. The bridge is of steel and is 1,100 feet long. It is at the western city limits of Edwardsville, and will serve the dual purpose of spanning the Dellaplaine valley and carrying the cars over the tracks of the Illinois Terminal. It will have a height of seventy-five feet in the center, and although the concrete abutments and piers are in place, it will take many weeks to rivet the superstructure. When the Cahokia and Dellaplaine bridges are finished cars will commence running into Edwardsville and the city will have two electric lines to St. Louis and one to Alton.

DRIVE OUT FEVER SUSPECTS.

Illinois Authorities Refuse Travelers to Pass Without Certificates.

Yellow fever quarantine inspectors are busy at Cairo. A man tried to enter Illinois from Bird's Point, Mo., on a Kentucky health certificate. He was refused admittance. He then purchased a Missouri certificate at Bird's Point and entered Illinois. He was arrested and sent out of the State. A car full of negroes came from Tennessee, bound for the mining town of Zeigler. The negroes were without certificates. The car was locked and placed under guard until it left Cairo.

HOLD REUNION AT ASHTON.

Soldiers and Sailors of Northern Illinois Meet Next Month.

The twenty-first annual reunion of the soldiers and sailors of northern Illinois will be held in Ashton Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 6 and 7. The speakers will be: Col. Frank O. Lowden and Judge R. S. Ferrand of Dixon, and Congressman Robert H. Hill. If his health improves he is able to come to the meeting.

State News in Brief.

John Hoobler was run over by a wagon near Perdueville and his neck was broken.

Roger Huddleston, aged 10 months, fell into a public watering trough in Farmer City and was drowned.

In a heavy storm the new Lutheran church at Baldwin was struck by lightning and burned to the ground.

Willie, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bryant of Rockford, was fatally shot while playing with a pistol.

State Auditor McCullough issued a license for the organization of the Lake View Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, with a capital stock of \$200,000.

Fred Johnson flipped the cars of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad at Thompson and fell under the wheels. He was crushed to death.

There is great enthusiasm in Salem over the result of the city securing the shops of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad, now located at St. Elmo.

The explosion of a tank on a gasoline launch belonging to the Bedella Club of Chicago set fire to the launch, and before the arrival of the fireboat it was destroyed.

Mrs. Porter T. Wakefield, for twenty years a prominent society club woman and vocalist at Bloomington, is dead at the age of 42, after a short illness from typhoid fever.

John Zar, 18 years old, died at St. Francis' hospital in Litchfield from the effects of a gunshot wound received at the hands of 'Vic' Poloni in a saloon quarrel at Mount Olive.

Henry Hetto, 19 years old, was drowned in the Kankakee river at Kankakee, being taken with cramps while swimming. The young man's mother, a widow, lives in Chicago.

Reason Hoke was struck by the south-bound passenger train at a crossing near Joliet and instantly killed. The horse Hoke was driving was cut in two. Hoke was 87 years old.

Roland W. Diller, pioneer settler of Illinois and intimate associate of Abraham Lincoln for many years, died at his home in Springfield, after a lingering illness, at the age of 85 years.

Manager G. W. Talbot of the Peoria and Pekin Terminal line, now building to Springfield, denied the rumor that his road was to be absorbed by either the Chicago and Alton or the Illinois Central.

A woman thought to be Mrs. Pearl Kohl of Peoria committed suicide by jumping from the upper decks of the steamer Silver Crescent on the Mississippi, two miles north of Canton, Mo., after a quarrel with her escort.

The St. Louis, Vandalia, Terre Haute and Eastern Traction Company has been incorporated by the Secretary of State with a capital stock of \$1,000,000. The principal office is in East St. Louis. The road will build from East St. Louis to Terre Haute, Ind.

George Henderson, Henry Hall, James Maslin and Loren Thompson, prominent farmers near Virginia, have lost many valuable animals lately by the depredations of an organized band of cattle thieves. Owners in that vicinity are guarding their stock with shotguns.

The Business Men's Association of Champaign has taken action regarding numerous burglaries committed during the last few weeks in that city and has offered from the treasury a sum equal to one month's pay to each policeman who brings in a burglar dead or alive.

Paul Inman, who is alleged to have deserted from the regular army at Fort Casey, Wash., in order to come to Johnson City and marry his sweetheart, was arrested. He was taken to Evansville, Ind., and turned over to the recruiting officers. He will be returned to Fort Casey.

Two thousand people perpetrated a surprise on Daniel Murray, the largest stock buyer and shipper in the State, at Pana. Bands, glee clubs and prominent speakers took part. He received numerous gifts, chief among the number being a gold-headed cane from an Indianapolis commission firm. He is 60 years old and well known throughout the State.

Martin Brandt, a well-known farmer, who lived northwest of Carlyle, was found dangling from a rafter in the granary. The circumstances indicated that he had placed the rope around his neck and then jumped from a flour barrel. The verdict of the coroner's jury was suicide. He left a note saying that he committed suicide because a neighbor had deceived him in a land deal.

Crop conditions in this State are thus reviewed in the government's weekly report: Corn greatly benefited by rains; outlook record breaking. Yield, locally some dried, but general situation slightly affected; safe in part of southern district; thrashing oats, wheat, barley and rye proceeded with favorable results; larger acreage will be sown in wheat; fall planting advancing; second clover crop ripe, some hulling done; apples scarce and dropping; late potatoes more promising.

A. A. Hallburg of Galesburg has begun suit for \$10,000 damages against the Adams Express Company for the alleged failure of the company to deliver a package of photographs to him at Boston during the photographers' convention. Hallburg had expended a large sum in preparing a set of photographs, which he desired to enter in the competition for a prize of \$400. He prepaid the express charges and left them at the express office. The photographs were not delivered until after the convention adjourned.

Yellow fever has entered Illinois. A negro who admits he came from an infected point in Louisiana and eluded the quarantine at Cairo is lying critically ill with the pest at the camp of a construction gang near Brownsville. There is almost a panic among the 300 men in the camp, every one of whom has been exposed, and in Brownsville, where many of the men have been boarding. Physicians are making every effort to stamp out the disease before it goes any further, and a strict quarantine has been put in force.

WINS A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS.

Dr. Austin Drake of Springfield Gets \$3,000,000 from Estate.

Dr. Austin Drake of Springfield is victorious in a fight for a fortune which has been in progress for almost a century, and has gone to New York, where he will receive \$3,000,000 in part payment of his claim. The remainder, which is said to be a larger sum, will be paid in due time. Dr. Drake recently received word from eastern attorneys that the litigation had been compromised and the heirs will soon receive their money. For almost twenty years Dr. Drake has been engaged in securing evidence which would prove his title to the vast Drake estate, which is said to consist of property in the heart of New York. The original fight, commenced by other heirs, dates back to 1822, when the ground was owned by Dr. Drake's grandfather. At his death the estate went to the grandfather's wife, and after her demise her heirs claimed an interest, and the famous litigation which has since been waged in eastern courts was instituted.

GAME LAW QUESTION RAISED.

Invoked in Illinois for Protection of Animals Reared in Captivity.

State's Attorney Miller of Kankakee county has raised a new question in connection with the much-interpreted Illinois game law. Mr. Miller has had his attention called to a case wherein it was sought to invoke the law for the protection of game raised in captivity and he has written to Attorney General Stead concerning the matter. The Attorney General has no doubt that the law is intended only for the protection of wild animals, the title to which is declared by the act to be in the State. The question as to what are and what are not wild animals will be one of fact to be determined by the evidence presented. This looks like a simple matter to decide, but none the less it opens up a loophole to those who wish to evade the law, especially in those districts where the magistrates are not overzealous in the enforcement of the act.

WANT TO RECLAIM A SWAMP.

Harvey Citizens Desire to Come Within the Drainage District.

Plans for reclaiming 5,000 acres of swamp land in the vicinity of Harvey are being considered at present by the taxpayers, who consider that the best way to do away with present unhealthy conditions caused by the large swamp areas about the town. A proposition contemplating the organization of a local drainage district and plans for draining the lowlands in the northeast part of Thornton township and the northwest of the Chicago drainage board the other day by A. R. Burdick, the chairman of the citizens' committee, and a request was made for permission of the drainage board to allow the local drainage district to extend over part of the Chicago drainage district in order to include all of the low land in the region of Harvey.

TEST FOR PRISON LABOR LAW.

Elgin School Board to Take Matter to the Supreme Court.

The constitutionality of the newly amended convict labor law is to be tested in the Illinois courts. The school board in the city of Elgin is preparing to ignore the law in the letting of a contract for school furniture for the avowed purpose of having the Supreme Court of the State pass upon the validity of the act. As soon as the Elgin board awards its contract for school desks to a Chicago firm, as contemplated, the board of prison industries will call to the attention of the Attorney General Stead to the matter and the Attorney General will then institute injunction proceedings in the Circuit Court of Kane county to restrain the school authorities from making any payment of school funds upon the contract.

RURAL MAIL SERVICE.

Routes for Free Delivery Are Mapped Out in Jersey County.

Postmasters of the various towns of Jersey county held a conference at Jerseyville with Postmaster J. W. Becker and N. E. Nevins of Quincy, rural free delivery inspector, and completed the plans for the establishment of the rural free delivery service in the county. By this arrangement every farmer in Jersey county will have his mail delivered at his door. Inspector Nevins has been at work completing the routes for several weeks, and through his decision, as announced, the towns in the county will have the following rural routes from the office: Jerseyville, 8; Kieldon, 3; Dow, 2; Grafton, 2; Delhi, 1; Otterville, 1. In addition eight routes from adjoining counties will serve portions of Jersey county.

LIVE WIRE DESTROYS TWO.

Grocer and Colored Employee Are Killed at Cairo.

John P. Moekler, a leading grocer of Cairo, and Oscar Runnels, a negro, were electrocuted by a live wire in the store of the former. The men were found dead near a large refrigerator in the rear of the building. It is presumed Moekler was taking some provisions from the refrigerator, using an electric light bulb attached to a long wire. A defective wire and the floor being wet gave the fatal perfect circuit through the body of Moekler. Runnels was evidently trying to pull the dead man away from the wire and received the current himself.

ROOSEVELT'S SON ON WILD RIDER.

Kernit Goes from Chicago to Galesburg in Cab of Locomotive.

Kernit Roosevelt, second son of the President, showed himself possessed of his father's nerve by riding from Chicago to Galesburg on the big locomotive of a fast train. The boy was on his way to Deadwood. When the train started from Chicago he obtained permission to ride on the locomotive and clambered into the seat beside Engineer C. M. Smith, remaining there until the train reached the Galesburg station.

RAIN INJURES WHEAT.

Government Report Says Excessive Moisture Does Damage.

The weekly summary of crop conditions, issued by the National Weather Bureau, is as follows:

During the week central and western Texas experienced unusual heat, while unseasonably cool weather prevailed in New England and the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic States; elsewhere the temperature was favorable. The rainfall was excessive and injurious in the Dakotas and Minnesota, and also in parts of the lake region, South Atlantic, and Central Gulf States, and in Florida. Rain is badly needed over the greater part of Texas, in portions of Kansas, generally throughout the central and southern Rocky Mountain districts, and in Oregon. Frosts, causing slight damage, occurred in Montana and Idaho.

The previously reported excellent condition of corn continues generally throughout the principal corn producing States and also in the Atlantic Coast and Eastern Gulf districts. Wind storms blew down considerable corn in Nebraska, Missouri, Arkansas, and Ohio. In some counties in Kansas and generally throughout Texas the crop is in need of rain.

The harvesting, stacking and thrashing of spring wheat on lowlands in the northern part of the spring wheat region, where grain is fully ripe, were interrupted during the fore part of the week, the fields being too wet for the reapers. Local storms in North Dakota and northeastern South Dakota caused the lodging of considerable grain. Satisfactory yields are generally indicated over the southern portion. Complaints of shrunken grain are general from Washington and western Oregon.

Much complaint of blight and rot in potatoes is received from the lake region and the northern part of the middle Atlantic States, but the reports from the Missouri and central Mississippi valleys are more favorable.

CONGER QUITS FOR NEW JOB.

Ambassador to Mexico May Take Railroad Position in China.

Edwin H. Conger, ambassador to Mexico, has resigned his post. He pleaded private business and personal reasons or his act. President Roosevelt expressed regret, praised Mr. Conger unreservedly, and accepted the resignation.

It is understood that Mr. Conger is to go to China in connection with the O. & N. O. Hankow railroad, owned by the American and China Development Company, a concern controlled by J. P. Morgan.

It has not been determined who will succeed Mr. Conger as ambassador to Mexico. Probably it will be David E. Thompson of Nebraska, now American ambassador to Brazil, who desires the Mexico post.

The name of Francis B. Loomis, assistant Secretary of State, has been mentioned, but it is rather definitely known that Mr. Loomis will not be appointed. His resignation as assistant Secretary of State may be expected at any time. It is certain that he is to retire from the State Department. Whether he will receive an appointment in the diplomatic service is not known.

FEWER BABIES BEING BORN.

Census Bulletin Shows Steady Decline in Births Since 1860.

There has been a persistent decline of the birth rate in the United States since 1860, according to a bulletin issued by the census bureau. The bulletin was prepared by Prof. Walter F. Wilcox of Cornell university. The bulletin shows that at the beginning of the nineteenth century the children under 10 years of age constituted one-third and at the end less than one-fourth of the total population. The decrease in this proportion began as early as the decade 1810 to 1820, and continued uninterruptedly, though at varying rates, in each successive decade. Between 1850 and 1890 the proportion of children to women between 15 and 49 years, the child bearing age, increased, but since 1890 it has decreased constantly. In 1890 the number of children under 5 years of age to 1,000 women was 634; in 1900 it was only 474.

Considering sectionally it was found that in the north and west there has been a more or less regular decline, while in the south the change has been less regular and the decline less marked. In 1900 the smallest proportion of children was in the District of Columbia. The next smallest proportion was Massachusetts. The largest proportion was in North Dakota and Indian Territory.

In the general decrease between 1890 and 1900 not a single State of the north Atlantic division took part. In seven other States, also, there was no decrease. In only six States—Illinois, Maryland, Michigan, Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana—did the proportion decrease in each of the five decades.

In 1900, for the United States as a whole, the proportion of children was only two-thirds as great in cities as in the country districts. In the north Atlantic division, however, it was almost as great in the cities as in the country. In the southern division it is hardly more than half as large in the cities as in the country, while in the far west the difference is intermediate in amount.

A comparison is made between the proportion of children born of native mothers and the proportion of children born of foreign born mothers. In 1900 the former proportion was 492, the latter 710, the difference indicating the greater fecundity of foreign born women. There has been uniformly a larger proportion of negro children than of white children. That difference more than doubled between 1890 and 1890, but in 1900 it was less than half what it was in 1890 and less than at any other census except in 1890.

It pays to advertise in this paper.



It is better not to get the horse overheated, but if this can not be avoided do not bring him in warm.

Use a disinfectant in the stalls. It will make them sweet and clean and help to keep flies and mosquitoes away from the horses.

Every poultryman should have a small glass medicine dropper such as may be bought from any druggist, for making local applications to the eyes, nose and throat of the fowl.

Collect trillium bulbs if you must, but you ought to buy them. You will find a lot of interesting western trilliums in the bulb catalogues. Mark plants of marshmallow for transplanting.

Visit a good collection of phlox, select what you like and make note of the nightmares so that you won't buy them from the catalogue next spring and fill your garden with magenta horrors.

With lambs over the \$8 mark, a shortage of 9,000,000 head of sheep with us, and a substantial falling off in most other sheep raising countries, should give the most skeptical sheepmen at least a five years' confidence in the industry.—Sheep Breeder.

Those who desire to learn much about those fell equine diseases glanders and farcy should send to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for circular No. 78 of the Bureau of Animal Industry. The text is from the pen of Doctor Rush Shippen Huldekoper.

Kerosene emulsion, an excellent wash for nest boxes, roosts and even as a wash on walls and ceiling, is made as follows: Kerosene, one gallon; water, one gallon; soap, one pound. The soap is dissolved in boiling water. While warm pour kerosene in and mix thoroughly for five minutes.

Plow up the land you intend to sow with winter grain, such as wheat or rye. If this is done it turns up all the roots of rank grass, thistles, daisies, wild carrots or whatever there is that will injure the crop you intend to put in the field. It also gives you a clear field of hay the next year, after you seed it with grass seed.

Hot weather is the time to make cheap pork; then every farmer should have plenty of clover, grass or alfalfa pasture, some skimmed milk and, if he chooses, summer squash and other things to go with the grain, and balance the ration, thus keeping the pigs in good health. Summer-made pork is always cheaper than the winter article.

Flies are one of the most pestiferous things the housekeeper has to contend with in her dairy work, if she does the work as many do in summer, out of doors. They can be avoided by putting up a frame of suitable size and covering it with wire gauze. A screened-in section of the cellar is a good place to keep the milk and butter vessels, if one does the dairy work in the cellar.

Plant some rhubarb; everybody plant some. This old, reliable garden product is one that commends itself to all who appreciate a good thing. Rhubarb possesses more desirable features than any other vegetable. It is less trouble to grow, is one of the most wholesome, has a delightful flavor and is one of the earliest to come in the spring. Plant some and you will be glad you did for years to come.

A Louisiana man thinks garlic will cure chickens of gapes. He says: "I see many cruel ways of getting rid of the gapes in chickens, such as running something down the windpipe, etc., which I have tried. If garlic is chopped up fine and fed to chickens (if they won't eat it alone, mix it in their feed), it will rid chicks of the gape worms. I do not doubt that the use of asafetida will produce the same effect, though I have not tried it."

Bacon hogs are slowly growing into favor, because a demand has been built up for bacon of that sort. The demand for fat hogs has been a natural development of several generations of raising hogs on corn. It paid to raise hogs on corn and consequently farmers have raised hogs that were mostly fat. But it is now more generally known that grass is cheaper for making pork than corn, and together with the increasing demand of people for less fat in pork this will make the bacon type of hogs more popular.

Cultivating an orchard always involves more or less difficulty. If it is an orchard that has been long in soil many large roots probably have come near the surface, and to plow with a heavy two or three horse team plow will be sure to break many of them. This of course will injure the trees seriously. Deep cultivation is not needed. Keeping the surface well stirred is all that is wanted and the best tool is a disk harrow, made for

the purpose. In using one of them, it is not necessary to run close under the trees and break branches with the high top hames.

Remedy for Worms in Hogs. Hogs affected with worms in the intestines run down in condition, become very thin and lank, the back is arched, the eyes are dull, they refuse feed, walk stiffly and appear lifeless. The worms may be very numerous, in bad cases completely filling the intestines; the pigs die if not treated. To secure the best results affected hogs should receive individual treatment.

Twenty-four hours before administering treatment very little feed should be given them. Then give the following medicine as a drench, to each 100-pound hog; larger or smaller hogs should receive a dose in proportion: Oil of turpentine, four drams; liquor ferri dialysatus, one-half dram; raw linseed oil, six ounces. If necessary, repeat the dose in four days. After the worms have been removed give the tonic recommended above to put the pigs in condition.

Successful Tomato Growing. The tomato is a plant that responds well to heavy fertilization. The best method is to use part farm-yard manure and part fertilizer. Put a couple of forkfuls of good rotted manure in each hill and then add to each hill a good handful of fertilizer made by mixing 600 pounds of acid phosphate, 300 pounds of muriate of potash and 500 pounds of tankage or cottonseed meal. Mix with the manure and soil, and at the time of setting out the plants apply 100 pounds to the acre of nitrate of soda by spreading a small quantity around on each hill, not touching the plants.

In experiments made at the New Jersey Station, nitrate of soda used at the rate of 100 pounds to the acre in one application and at the rate of 320 pounds to the acre in two applications increased the yield materially. Have the plants raised and hardened off, ready to set out in May. They should be transplanted once or twice from the time they are started in the seed bed in order to secure short, stocky plants. Cultivate frequently—at first deep and then shallow, and keep it—Southern Planter.

Caustic Soda for Scale. A Maryland orchardist gives the press the following experience with caustic soda as a spray for scale: "One application of soda has about cleared them up. It has been used here many orchards that had not been sprayed before and the results were that could be desired. It not only killed the scale, but cleaned the bark and gave it a nice, clean appearance. Our trees never looked better. We think we know a good thing when we see it and want our neighbors to know it, as it may do them good. We know the value of lime, sulphur and salt wash also. We are satisfied with caustic soda. We find it less than half the expense, not one-fourth the trouble as the L-S-S wash. Eight pounds of crushed caustic soda to fifty gallons of water is the proportion we use. Put the soda in your spray barrel; fill the barrel with water; stir a few minutes and you are ready for work. It should be applied before leaves put out. Simple, inexpensive and effective, has been our experience. We have had only one year's experience with it, but feel encouraged to continue it in preference of anything else, even at the same cost."—Midland Farmer.

Gets \$170 from 100 Hens.

H. Bryant of Pinkington, S. D., gives the following account of how he raises poultry to obtain the best results: I take much pleasure in reading the experiences of other farmers, and it may interest others to know how I make it with my poultry. I started in with 120 hens and roosters all told; lost a few, and culled out some old and odd-colored ones down to ninety-three, which number I have on hand now. All Rocks are worth more than the original flock by considerable. I kept strict account of all eggs sold and used, but was unable to keep run of the feed consumed, much of which would not have brought us much, if anything, if the hens had not eaten it.

Eggs.

In January they laid.....	223
February.....	477
March.....	1,408
April.....	1,432
May.....	1,152
June.....	1,103
July.....	770
August.....	720
September.....	322
October.....	142
November.....	120
December.....	123
Total.....	8,140

The total value of these eggs at our market was \$138.04. We also sold \$32.25 worth of chickens, making a total income of about \$170.89. There was little labor connected with all this, our girl caring for the poultry most of the time. We keep the quarters clean, and feed a variety most of the time: beets and potatoes raw, for most of the green food; corn, speltz, oatmeal, with scraps and shells and corn fodder and cane to run to.

THE NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, In Advance.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Chinese who want to come to the United States are not waiting on any little formalities like treaties. The Treasury Department inspectors have just made the biggest haul of "imported" Chinese near Buffalo that has been made in years. It appears that the inspectors had been looking for years for a chance to lay hands on one Snyder, a runner of alien immigrants and a smuggler of contraband goods across the Canadian border. It was suspected that he was in the trade but he never could be detected "with the goods". Last week at night, however, the inspectors got him with a steam launch full of Romanians and a lot of Chinamen in rowboats. It is known that Buffalo, while a favorite point for man-smuggling of this sort, is not the only point on the Canadian and Mexican borders. The penalty for work of this sort is heavy and the Treasury is going to prosecute Snyder to the extent of the law. It is said that with his sons who were also in the capture, he may be fined as much as \$22,000.00 and imprisoned for forty-four years. The point of the capture however is not the possible prosecution of the immigrant runner but the underhand methods that Chinamen take to get into this country while their government is busy declaring that no such traffic exists and that there is no boycott of American goods going on in Chinese ports.

It is stated that when Congress reassembles it will find that the President has reconsidered his announced intention never to send another reciprocity treaty to Congress. It will be recalled that before the close of the last session several carefully drawn reciprocity treaties were sent to the Senate and there were blocked by the efforts of a small coterie of determined high protectionists. The President at that time banged his clenched fist on the table and declared he would never again send a reciprocity treaty to Congress till something had occurred to break the calm nonchalance of the stand patters. It looks very much as though this had come to pass. The fact that Germany has negotiated treaties with seven European countries which will become operative in 1905, that new duties will bear very hardly on western farmers who are expecting a bumper crop this fall, and the boycott of goods in China all make toward the hand of the protectionists and make it probable that "something" has happened that will make the presentation of new reciprocity treaties a necessity. The wave of reciprocity has swept all over the northwest and it is stated that the cattle men and the wheat growers will combine to use all their influence on the administration. The President will not be slow to act if he sees that the conditions are ripe.

A Great Sporting News Journal.

The illustrated special sporting section of The Sunday Chicago Record-Herald thoroughly deserves the attention of everyone interested in sporting news. It is always beautifully illustrated and embraces four full pages, covering with the thoroughness that satisfies to the utmost the whole realm of sports. Base ball news, racing news, bowling news, cycling news, pugilistic news, golf news, yachting news—all the sporting news is given with the greatest degree of fullness and interest. The sporting page of the daily issues is also exceptionally popular—a self-evident fact to those who have noted the general vogue of The Chicago Record-Herald among sporting men.

Bismarck's Love for Explorer.

Prince Bismarck had the greatest affection for the late Maj. von Wissman. When he left for East Africa as commander of the German Schutztruppe to suppress the insurrection of the Chief Bushiri, the chancellor took his chubby face in both hands and kissed him.

Mirrors Long in Favor.

Mirrors were used by Anglo-Saxon women, slung to their girdles. The same custom obtained in the time of Elizabeth and James I. They formed the center of many fash at that period and later. Before glass was invented, horn was used, and metal.

Senator Pleased the Sultan.

The Sultan of Turkey recently granted an audience to Senator Bacon of Georgia and was so charmed with that genial American citizen that he incontinently conferred upon him the Grand Cordon of the Chefscair and gave Mrs. Bacon a lot of porcelain manufacture in the imperial potteries.

A Woman of Resource.

A young woman while in Pittsburg lost her railway ticket. She offered to sell her pretty petticoat to a woman at the station for the price of a railway ticket home, and the bargain was promptly effected.

First English Windmills.

Windmills were introduced in England by the Crusaders, who had seen them in use among the Saracens.

Many persons in this community are suffering from kidney complaint who could avoid fatal results by using Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

LOST HIS CUSTOMER

CLERK WAS JUST A TRIFLE TOO PRESSING.

Old Gentleman There to Buy Shoes, and Wanted No Accessories—His Parting Piece of Advice Worthy of Some Consideration.

Once upon a time a man went into a shoemaker to purchase a pair of dancing pumps. When he had put on a pair and stamped upon the floor to make sure that they fitted snugly the clerk said:

"We have a nice spring heel that makes you think you are walking on air."

Here he whipped a handful of the said spring heels from his pocket and exposed them to the customer's view, at the same time repeating that they would cause the owner to fancy himself walking on air if he would put a pair on his shoes.

"I do not fancy that sensation at all, my boy. Now, if I fancied that I was walking on air without a pair of those spring heels I should be happy to buy a pair in the fond hope that they would fill me with the idea that I was walking on the solid sidewalk."

"We have a good paste for polishing patent leathers," continued the clerk, whose professional feathers had not been badly ruffled; "it puts on a two day looking glass polish and prevents cracking. It is only twenty-five cents a box."

"Never mind about it," replied the customer with a tinge of feeling; "I can beat it all hollow. I polish my shoes every day with the inside of a banana skin, after I have eaten the said banana for my luncheon. In this way I secure a luncheon and a shine for three cents."

Although several people who overheard this reply laughed, the clerk was still unabashed. After a time he returned valiantly to the attack.

"We have a last similar to that one upon which those pumps were made, and we can sell you one for seventy-five cents. I'll just show it to you."

"Never mind!" yelled the customer, with great feeling. "I never had one and I do not want one now."

"If you never had one, you ought to try one," replied the clerk, with the air of a philosopher. "How do you know you won't like it if you have not tried it? If you try one once you would not be without one for anything in the world because it keeps the shoe in its original shape and—"

"That's just why I don't want it," roared the customer, provoked beyond measure at the exasperating yet good natured audacity of the clerk; "that's just the way I don't want it. I want the shoe to have the shape that my foot gives it, and no other shape under the sun. Why do you persist in trying to sell me a thing that I don't want?"

"I am only trying to sell you things that you ought to have. I am giving you advice only as a doctor would give it."

Here the customer pulled on his old shoes and moved toward the door. When he had his hand on the same, he said:

"I will go down to Olyphant-Jenkins and pay a dollar more than you charge for the same kind of shoes, and they will not insist upon my buying a pair of skates or a chloropod outfit. They sell you what you want, not what they think you should have. They are there to do business and not to save lives. They don't force their clerks to sell hair restorers and lawn mowers to people who want rubber boots and sat-in slippers, and you want to make a note of that fact without loss of time and paste it in your business hat."

And then he departed, leaving the defeated and disconsolate clerk looking as sad as an empty beer bottle on an ash heap. The moral of this little fable teaches us that two pounds of wild anxiety is not half so potent as a ton of artistic and diplomatic indifference in the consummation of a business deal. It also teaches us that, having hung out the bait, one should endeavor to lure the intended victim to it by cunning yet honest devices, and never lose one's head and attempt to drive him to the hook with a club.—New York Herald.

Delayer.

He was a laggard at wooing and the dear girl had quite lost her patience. One evening he said in a casual way, "I'm a firm believer in the old proverb, 'Marry in haste and repent at leisure.'"

She looked up at him and smiled wearily. "But, of course," she said, "that couldn't really interest you."

"And why not?" he asked. "Because you wouldn't have any time left to repent in."

He thought this over for some time and finally saw the point. When he left an hour later they were engaged. —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Mystery.

Of all the things that puzzle us, Earth's angel can't be beat. She loves the true and beautiful and likes a thing that's neat. But when you tell her it is this, she says that it is that. And so the true and beautiful takes many a weary nap.

Finest Collection of Birds.

Mrs. Howard Gould has the finest private collection of birds in the United States, in some respects exceeding the aviaries at the New York Zoological Gardens.

Ayer's

Why is it that Ayer's Hair Vigor does so many remarkable things? Because it is a hair food. It feeds the hair, puts new life into it. The hair

Hair Vigor

cannot keep from growing. And gradually all the dark, rich color of early life comes back to gray hair.

"When I first used Ayer's Hair Vigor my hair was about all gray. But now it is a nice black, and as thick as I could wish." —Miss Susan K. Brown, Tusculum, Ala.

Sell a bottle. All druggists. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Gray Hair

(Official Publication.)

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The State Bank of Antioch

at Antioch, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the twenty-sixth day of Aug., 1905, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the State of Illinois, pursuant to law.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts.....\$ 190,145 32

Other bonds and securities.....2,221 05

Real Estate.....\$132,366 37

Banking House.....4,500 00

Furniture and Fixtures.....1,500 00

Due from National Banks.....29,630 49

Due from State Banks and Bankers.....6,000 00

Checks and other Cash Items.....10 00

Collections in Transit.....75 00

Cash on Hand.....\$20 00

U. S. National Bank Currency.....2,179 00

Legal Tender and Treasury Notes.....855 40

Silver Coin.....21 67

Fractional Currency, Nickels and Cents.....3,378 07

Total.....\$177,767 92

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in.....\$ 25,000 00

Surplus Fund.....1,145 00

Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....1,296 32

Deposits.....27,442 51

Demands Deposits, Individual.....25,484 29

Demands Deposits, Certificates.....124,831 33

Total.....\$177,767 92

State of Illinois, County of Lake, ss: I, W. F. Ziegler, Cashier of The State Bank of Antioch, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. F. ZIEGLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of Aug., 1905.

D. A. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

Consumption Threatened.

C. Unger, 211 Maple street, Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since. Sold by J. H. Swan."

Black Trash.

Miss Sinclair—Who didn't he mahry dat Coopath gal?

Mr. Frothingham—Oh, she done stunk at de latest minute—wouldn't lend him a dollar-foh 't git de license wif.—Puck.

Expensive Birds' Nest.

Four finger rings and seventeen brooches were used in the construction of a martin's nest which has been dislodged from beneath the eaves of a house in Frogmore, High Wycombe, England.

Tainted Money.

Church—What is tainted money, any way.

Gotham—Why, tainted money is money which is out of reach of the man who so designates it.—Yonkers Statesman.

Pennies With a Cross.

Until the reign of Edward I. pennies were struck with a cross, so deeply indented that it might be easily parted into two half pence, and into four farthings.

Alike, and Yet—

Aspetic and gourmand are like, after all. For each has the very same aim—One's always forgetting the good things of life.

The other's for getting the same. —Catholic Standard and Times.

What She Called It.

There once was a girl called Lucille, Who, taking her turn at the wheel Of a motor boat, cried "I take lots of pride In running this yachtomobile."

Another Kind of Soft Answer.

"Come back for something you've forgotten, as usual?" said the husband. "No," replied his wife, sweetly, "I've come back for something I remembered."—New Yorker.

CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller doses and a little cod liver oil with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409-415 Pearl Street, New York, (see and \$1.00) all druggists.

CENTER OF TROUBLE

WAS MAN CARRYING JOIST ON CROWDED BRIDGE.

Rapped Noses, Crushed Hats and Profanity Marked Progress of the Patient Burden Bearer—Choleric Old Gentleman in Worst Trouble.

The 6 o'clock rush was at its greatest. Along Park row a mass of perspiring, tired and cross people struggled toward the Bridge and Subway entrances, everybody fuming because those directly in front were not quicker in their movements. The newly laid asphalt road exhaled heat like a blast furnace and the odor of tar was in the still air.

Into this mass suddenly projected a tall, elderly man, carrying horizontally on his shoulder a joist about four inches square and eight feet long. It was evidently of a superior sort of wood, for it was wrapped in thick paper to preserve it from injury. Where the man and his burden came from was a mystery. Both seemed to spring out of the earth and the small block between Spruce and Franklin streets became the scene of turmoil.

The joist first made its presence felt when a young man directly in front of the carrier stopped for a fraction of a second to snatch a paper from a newsboy and drop a penny into the outstretched hand. Just as he did so the forward end of the joist struck his hat brim, knocking off his head covering. As he stooped to recover it, the bearer of the joist stopped. So did the man behind him. In an instant he was convinced of the utter futility of attempting to push his nose through four square inches of solid timber. In jumping backward to avoid a second contact he crashed into two pretty but warm senographers, who first squealed "Oh!" and then something that sounded like "beast."

Having full knowledge of what had happened in front, and rightly conjecturing that there was something wrong in the rear, the joist bearer partly turned to investigate. The beam turned with him. Furthermore, it bobbed up and down like the needle of a compass and both ends worked overtime in doing all the damage possible within its limits. One choleric old gentleman got a rap on the ear and the fact that he was too mad to talk almost sent him into apoplexy. A pretty girl lost several artificial flowers from her hat. A man in warding off a threatening blow from the rear end knocked up the joist and the front end found refuge in the small of the back of a clerk.

All this happened quicker than it takes to tell it. He merely mopped his face and went on making trouble.—New York Times.

Open to Criticism.

"Young man," said the elderly gentleman with the fatherly eyes, "you ought to be ashamed of yourself."

"Why-why-why, sir, what do you mean?" stammered the young man.

"From the shelter of these palms," explained the elderly person, "I have watched you while you sat with that beautiful young lady in the dim corner of the hotel piazza for the last hour and a half."

"Well, sir?" asked the younger one, haughtily.

"When a young man and a young woman sit side by side in a secluded spot for that length of time it is generally conceded that there are at least five or six opportunities for stealing a kiss."

"Sir, I am amazed at you! No matter what you may think you saw I can say on my word of honor that I have not kissed the young woman."

"Exactly. Didn't I say you ought to be ashamed of yourself?"—Chicago Tribune.

Looking Out for Little Things.

"You will learn to look out for the little leaks if you continue in our employ," said the head of a great commercial house as he paused at the new bookkeeper's desk. He bent a little nearer the page of the ledger. "Hem, I see you dot your 'i's," he said. "We discouraged that antique custom several years ago. It takes time and time is a great desideratum in this firm. And, Mr. Peckham!"

"Yes, sir."

"If you will drop into my private room after you are through with your duties this afternoon I will give you a copy of a little pamphlet we issued last summer, showing just how much ink, as well as time, can be saved by substituting commas for semicolons. Don't forget."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"John the Orangeman's" Cargo.

A few years ago "John the orangeman" went to New Haven with the Harvard ball team, and after they had defeated Yale, of course, had to go out with the boys and celebrate. He and a few others got intoxicated. A policeman, seeing John's condition, and not knowing him, locked him up. Immediately some of the students went to the police station to try to bail him out. "One of them said to the captain: 'Can we bail him out?'" "Bail him out!" exclaimed the captain; "why, you couldn't pump him out."

Signs of a Little Game.

A man's family went away for a summer vacation and left him at home with the parrot. When his wife returned she said to the parrot: "Has poor Polly been lonesome?" The parrot shook itself and replied: "Gimme a stack of whites."—St. Joseph, Mo., News-Post.

VIRGINIA FARMS

\$5.00 Per Acre And Up.

WE FURNISH LISTS OF DESIRABLE FARMS AND OLD PLANTATIONS for sale on our line of road in Virginia. Productive lands with improvements, in desirable communities, with best church, school and social advantages, at \$5.00 and up per acre. We have many Northern and Western people with us already who are delighted with our section. Come and see what they are doing, how they like the country, people, climate, etc. Why stay in the cold North with its short summers and long cold winters, when we offer you here in the sunny South all your present advantages and numerous others at less than one-third of your present investment.

For further information, lists of farms or industrial openings, excursion rates, etc., and our beautiful pamphlet on Virginia, address

F. H. LABAUME, Agr. and Ind. Agt. Norfolk & Western R'y. Dep't. B 1, Roanoke, Va.

Are You Interested in the South?

DO YOU CARE TO KNOW OF THE MARVELOUS DEVELOPMENT NOW GOING ON IN

The Great Central South?

OF INNUMERABLE OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUNG MEN OR OLD ONES--TO GROW RICH!

Do you want to know about rich farming lands, fertile, well located, on a Trunk Line Railroad, which will produce two, three and four crops from the same field each year, and which can be purchased at very low prices and on easy terms? About stock raising where the extreme of winter feeding is but six (6) short weeks? Of places where truck growing and fruit raising yield enormous returns yearly. Of a land where you can live out of doors every day in the year? Of opportunities for establishing profitable manufacturing industries; of rich mineral locations, and splendid business openings.

If you want to know the details of any or all of these write me. I will gladly advise you fully and truthfully.

G. A. PARK, General Immigration and Industrial Agent

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

WALL PAPER

Paints = Oils = Brushes

Make your Old Woodwork and Old Furniture new by applying CHI--NAMEL

For sale by James M. Swan, Antioch, Ill.

USE

A-B

Stove Polish

WORLD'S BEST

LIQUID AND DRY

Ayling Bros., 14 Madison Ave., Chicago

BADLY DECAYED TEETH

123456789

CAN BE SAVED BY

G. R. OLCOTT

Dentist

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

E. V. ORVIS,

LAWYER.

PRACTICE ALL COURTS.

FRANK B. ORVIS,

INSURANCE.

Offices: Waukegan, Phone 1291. Spring Grove.

J. C. JAMES, JR.,

UNDERTAKER.

Licensed Embalmer

Licensed by the State Board of Health

Dr. James H. Reading,

DENTIST.

Central Block Antioch, Illinois

James A. Thom, M. D. C.

Veterinarian

PHONE—Millithers.

ADDRESS—Antioch R. F. D. No. 2.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY

at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores.

Dec 19 01 71

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS

DESIGNS

Copyrights &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Austin & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office: 625 P St., Washington, D. C.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book "How to Secure PATENTS and TRADE-MARKS" write to

CASNOW & Co.

OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED

O. F. INGALLS

Jeweler and Optician,

112 Genesee St., Waukegan, Ill.

J. C. James, Jr.,

Justices of the Peace.

Notary Public

Collections, Legal Work and

Fire Insurance

Special Agent

PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

ADJOINING TOWNS

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Miss Ethel Collins returned Saturday.
Frank Nelson is home on the sick list.
Mr. and Mrs. L. Hughes visited Mr. J. H. Hughes Saturday.

Miss Helen MacLean is visiting Miss Lillian McMahon.

First class dental work guaranteed by F. S. Morrell, McMahon building, 1w3

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hitchcock returned home Monday.

Mrs. R. Sherwood and children were in the city Thursday.

Mrs. A. Little and Miss Nina spent Sunday at C. G. Nelson's.

The Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. H. P. Lowry, Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 6.

Miss Grace Hutchins visited her sister Jennie Thursday.

Miss Wilson entertained some friends from the city Sunday.

Mrs. John Hodge and children of Rockefeller, spent Thursday with Mrs. Poulton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Wald and baby are visiting friends here.

Mrs. E. Hawkins went to the city Friday to see her daughter Nellie.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Harbaugh and children spent a few days at Waukegan.

Mr. J. G. Rowling and Mr. L. W. Howling are visiting friends and relatives in Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Munson came Wednesday. They are living in the Potter cottage.

Wednesday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James King, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Miss Nettie, to Mr. Otis Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith will live at Woodworth, Wis., where Mr. Smith will teach the coming year. Their friends in Lake Villa wish them a long and happy life.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. H. J. Wheelock returned home on Saturday from her visit in Iowa and Beloit.

Chas. Robinson returned home this week from his two months stay in California.

Mr. George Adams, of Chicago, spent Sunday with his brother E. S. Adams.

Mr. Robinson has begun excavating for two new residences on his lake property.

Mrs. Wm. Edwards spent Monday at Evanston.

Miss Trafot, of Bristol, spent the first of the week with Mrs. Calver and other friends here.

Mr. J. Wicks has begun excavating for a new residence on his property where Mr. Murratt resides.

I am prepared to do all kinds of dental work and guarantee satisfaction. F. S. Morrell, Lake Villa. 1w3

There arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Wightman on Friday evening, a baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Parker and Mr. and Mrs. F. Lawson spent Saturday and Sunday with an uncle at Huntly.

The Cantata "Dreams of Fairyland" given here at the opera house on Tuesday evening by twenty-six children of Antioch, was very good.

The death of Mr. Hibbert occurred at his home north of Druce lake on last week Wednesday. Funeral services were held at the home on Friday. Interment in Avon cemetery.

The horse and rig stolen from Mr. Bixler's barn on the 20th was found by detectives in Chicago, but the thieves could not be found. The thieves substituted another harness for Mr. Bixler's and his whip was missing. Mr. Bixler brought back the outfit from Chicago on Tuesday morning.

On Monday night about 12 o'clock Mrs. Thurlwell was awakened by a man holding a lighted match near her bed. She called for her husband who was in bed downstairs, when the man rushed to her and put his hands over her mouth to quiet her, then he turned and jumped through the screen window from the second story, and disappeared. Nothing in the house was missing. He entered through a window on the first floor. Marshal Fritz being out of town at the time, nothing further was done.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Mrs. George Strang and son William have gone to Kansas on a visit.

Mrs. F. T. Lea and son Harold returned to their home in Maywood last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stewart were Chicago visitors last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Johnson was a Chicago visitor last Saturday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tower returned from Inglewood last Friday.

The Dodge girls of Peoria have returned home.

Don't forget the musical recital on Friday evening, Sept. 1, at the church.

Mr. and Miss Finley, of Lake Forest, spent a few days with J. H. Bonners this week.

Rev. A. R. Thain, of Wisconsin, was here last week visiting old friends. He also preached the sermon Sunday morning.

I have opened dental parlors in the McMahon building, Lake Villa, and invite you to call. F. S. Morrell. 1w3

TREVOR, WIS

The Misses Sheen spent last week in Chicago.

Mrs. Edgar, Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Matthews were Antioch visitors Wednesday.

Mr. McDaniels was a Chicago passenger Saturday morning.

Henry Lubano and family are entertaining a sister, Mrs. Collins, from St. Paul.

Mrs. McDaniels entertained a few friends Thursday evening.

Mrs. Beasley of St. Paul, spent the latter part of the week at George Booth's.

Mrs. Gaggin is very low at the present writing.

Mrs. Laura Kennedy and daughters Mrs. Blackman and Mrs. Mead have been visiting at E. A. Kennedy's for a few days.

Mrs. Lillia Champlin and nephew of Chicago visited with Mrs. E. A. Kennedy the past week.

Misses Leah Kennedy and Marguerite McDaniels were Antioch callers Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Jessie Welsh, of Nebraska, who has spent several weeks with relatives here returned home last Thursday.

The Ladies Aid Society which met with Mrs. Bolton on Friday was largely attended.

Mrs. Pitcher is entertaining a daughter, Mrs. Scherf, of Withee, and Mrs. Price, of Chicago.

The Ladies Aid of the Liberty church will hold their ice cream social at the church Wednesday evening, Sept. 13.

Foley's Kidney Cure

Will cure Bright's Disease.

Will cure Diabetes.

Will cure Stomach and Bladder.

Will cure Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

Sold by J. H. Swan.

Married All Suitors in Turn.

It is related of Lady Penelope Darcy that she was wooed by three suitors at the same time, who had determined to fight as to which should possess her hand. This fact coming to her knowledge, she positively forbade them to fight under pain of her great displeasure, and laughingly remarked that if they would have patience to wait she would marry them all.

Strange to say, she fulfilled her promise, as she married, first, Sir George Trenchard of Wolverton; second, Sir John Gage of Fule, and third, Sir William Harvey of Ickworth—the very gentlemen who had determined to fight for her hand.

Help Daughter of Bret Harte.
Miss Ethel Martie, the daughter of Bret Harte, who died in London, is in bad health and the sympathies of English admirers of "The Luck of Roaring Camp" and "The Spelling Bee at Angell's" has been aroused. George Meredith, Sir George Newman, Sir Gilbert Parker, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and other well-known persons in the literary world have formed a committee to raise a fund in behalf of Miss Harte.

Indignant, but—
Kandor—I tell you, sir, you're a liar. Pomposus—Sir! If I were a fighting man I'd knock you down for that. Kandor—I'll bet you ten dollars I can prove it. Pomposus—I—er—never bet.—Philadelphia Press.

Often the Case.
"Billings is painfully attentive to his wife."
"Is he then so much in love with her?"
"I don't know. He may merely be afraid of her."

Foley's Kidney Cure is a medicine free from poisons and will cure any case of kidney disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Such Dear Friends, Too.
Mayme—Here are some proofs I just received from the photographer. Which is the best?
Edyth—Do you mean which is the best picture or which looks the most like you?

An Early Stage.
"Think Thumper is out of the prize ring for good?"
"Of course not. This is only the third time he has retired."

No Longer Glad.
"I don't know what's come over Jenkins. When I told him about my salary being raised to \$15 and again to \$20 he patted me on the back, but yesterday when I told him that I had been raised to \$30 he didn't enthuse at all."
"Well, that simply means that Jenkins' salary is about \$25."

Work for Christian Endeavorers.
The pastor of a church in England had appealed to his people in vain to be promptly notified of sickness among the congregation and in the community, and at last mentioned the fact to his Christian Endeavor society. At the next business meeting a "floral and visiting committee" was formed, its duties being to keep the pastor posted with a sick list, visit and read to the sick, carry flowers to them, and see that the church was decorated each Sunday. The success has been such that the whole church is co-operating in similar philanthropy.

Value of Habit of Reading.
The late Cornelius Vanderbilt, when addressing some university students, said: "Cultivate the habit of reading for a certain time every day. As a brain-molder and wit-sharpener I know nothing to equal it. I have known many men in my time who have made large fortunes, and every one of them loved books at least as much as he loved dollars."

"Baker's Dozen."
The phrase "baker's dozen" arose from the custom of the trade to allow thirteen penny rolls to each dozen sold. The same custom still holds good in the wholesale book trade.

Right.
"You're just a poem, Bens." I said. "And I was right, you see. I knew the way she tossed her head. She was a verse to me."

Origin of By-Law.
"By-law" owes the first part of itself to the word "bye," the old Danish word for town, burg or burgh.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases arising from disordered kidneys or bladder. Sold by J. H. Swan.

HUBBY WAS IN LUCK

LITTLE NEST EGG DROPPED IN JUST AT RIGHT TIME.

Wife's Economy in Telegraph Tolls Proved in the End Just a Little Expensive—Her Letter Home Was Interesting Reading.

On the day after she reached the country with the children she wanted to telegraph to her husband—whom she had left parboiling in Washington—that she had thoughtlessly left some of her money behind, and to have him forward it to her by registered mail.

Now, there never was a woman yet that would send a telegram of more than ten words unless the circumstances were extraordinary, even if all words beyond ten words were only tarified at the rate of a mill a word.

In order properly to convey her meaning to her husband the shortest message possible, after all sorts of deletations, would have been about as follows:

"Forgot part of money. In bottom third drawer of chiffonier, spare room, beneath shirts. Send immediately registered."

Here, however, were sixteen words. She bit the end of her pen in the telegraph office over the problem and screwed up her forehead and dabbed at her face with her moist handkerchief, and was in a sad stew over the thing.

But wild horses wouldn't have forced her beyond the ten-word deadline. Women are instinctively against all sorts of corporations, but their objection to hurrying a single penny more than necessary into the coffers of a telegraph company is a rooted, elemental passion.

So, after much heated worry, she crowded it down this way:

"Left money in bottom of third drawer chiffonier spare room."

That made a pat ten words, and she sent the message off, blissfully believing that she'd receive a registered letter on the following morning.

Her husband was sitting in the dining room in a state of gloom when he received the message. He had sat into a small game on the previous evening and when it was all over he was counting on the ends of his fingers the days to elapse before the next walking of the disbursing clerk's ghost.

The receipt of his wife's telegram had found him speculating upon what sort of delirious riot it would be possible for him to engage in that evening on a cash capital of eleven cents, and his negligence shirts still unredeemed from the laundry around the corner.

He tore up the stairs three at a clip when he had read the telegram, and when his prowling hand brought up from the third drawer of the spare room chiffonier the little bundle of \$54, mostly in one and two-spots, he experienced a sensation of genuine emotion.

"Well, she's a good girl," said he to himself. "What other woman would have been so thoughtful? She just had a premonition that I'd be broke and she took the trouble to go down to the dinky country telegraph office and wire me where I'd find this little stack of the papers! She's the best ever, that's what she is, and when I get the time I'm going to sit down and tell her that in my opinion she's the hull works and the running gear. Why, the idea—\$54! No, I shall not do a single, solitary thing with it!"

And then he shaved and prettified himself up and fared forth and figuratively kicked a few flats out of his favorite suburban resort, dwelling woefully at intervals upon the lovely thoughtfulness of his spouse.

However, he received a few terse lines from the country a couple of days later.—Washington Star.

Japanese Quick to Learn.
When in 1858 Lord Elgin visited Japan and insisted on making the shogun a present of a yacht and also insisted on arranging a treaty with him in behalf of England, he noted the extraordinary thirst for knowledge and quickness in learning which distinguish the Japanese. Within a week a raw Japanese crew had learned how to manage the shogun's new yacht. The Japanese commissioners even took pains to imitate the cheers which their guests gave after dinner when the queen's health was drunk, as soon as they understood that "when you in the west wish to honor a person, especially, you roar and shout after your meals."

Humorous Burglar.
A specimen of the modern burglar's humor, when a Bristol lady and her husband returned the other day from a short trip to the south coast, among other evidences of an unknown guest they found attached to one of the lady's bonnets this note: "Dear Madam—Tell George he must really buy you another bonnet. This is an exact copy of one my old aunt used to wear twenty years ago."—London Tit-Bits.

Value of Habit of Reading.
The late Cornelius Vanderbilt, when addressing some university students, said: "Cultivate the habit of reading for a certain time every day. As a brain-molder and wit-sharpener I know nothing to equal it. I have known many men in my time who have made large fortunes, and every one of them loved books at least as much as he loved dollars."

"Baker's Dozen."
The phrase "baker's dozen" arose from the custom of the trade to allow thirteen penny rolls to each dozen sold. The same custom still holds good in the wholesale book trade.

Right.
"You're just a poem, Bens." I said. "And I was right, you see. I knew the way she tossed her head. She was a verse to me."

Origin of By-Law.
"By-law" owes the first part of itself to the word "bye," the old Danish word for town, burg or burgh.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases arising from disordered kidneys or bladder. Sold by J. H. Swan.

WILLIAMS BROS. ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE.

It Looks like a Good Time to Buy Summer Stock Sugar.

Window Shades, we sell them with adjustable roller, only 25c.

Screen Doors, a good one, at 90 cts and \$1.00.

Lawn Mowers, 14 in. \$3.00, 16 in. \$3.25, 18 in. \$3.50.

Nails, all sizes, at extremely low prices.

Williams Bros. Best Flour, \$1.60 a sack.

Pillsbury's Best XXXX Flour, \$1.60 a sack.

Agency American Field Fencing - Show a New Poultry Fence - See it Did you try our 20c and 25c Coffee? The real value is 25c and 30c

STAIRCASE A HIGH ONE.

By 20,000 Steps Cut in the Rock, Mt. Omi is Climbed.

For the ascent of Mt. Omi, on the borderland between western China and the Tibetan plateau, there is an artificial staircase consisting of 20,000 steps, cut in slippery limestone.

Who made these steps is largely a matter of surmise, but they were probably formed by religious enthusiasts, to provide a means of access from the hot plains, out of which the mountain mass rises abruptly to the heights, 5,000 to 11,000 feet above, amongst which the Buddhist abbey of Omi embodies some of the holiest traditions of the religion professed by its inmates.

Anyhow, the staircase is there, and by it many pilgrims attain the shrine. —Stray Stories.

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers.
Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Are There Any Ghosts?
The man who does not believe in ghosts because he has never seen one, or treats all ghost stories as mere lies or meaningless hallucinations with or without some striking coincidence, should nowadays be treated kindly but firmly as an intellectual troglodyte, and given to understand that his views cannot be accepted in the twentieth century by those who are capable of seeing the light when it shines on them.—A. Fellows in the Occult Review.

Child's Inductive Reasoning.
Here is a curious bit of reasoning on the part of a little girl in a North country school. The examiner wished to get the children to express moral reprobation of lazy people, and he led up to it by asking who were the persons who got all they could and did nothing in return. For some time there was silence, but at last the little girl, who had obviously reasoned out the answer inductively from her own home experience, exclaimed, with a good deal of confidence, "Please, sir, it's the baby!"—London Tit-Bits.

"I had diabetes in its worst form," says Marion Lee, of Dunreath, Ind. "I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man." Sold by J. H. Swan.

Humorous Burglar.
A specimen of the modern burglar's humor, when a Bristol lady and her husband returned the other day from a short trip to the south coast, among other evidences of an unknown guest they found attached to one of the lady's bonnets this note: "Dear Madam—Tell George he must really buy you another bonnet. This is an exact copy of one my old aunt used to wear twenty years ago."—London Tit-Bits.

Value of Habit of Reading.
The late Cornelius Vanderbilt, when addressing some university students, said: "Cultivate the habit of reading for a certain time every day. As a brain-molder and wit-sharpener I know nothing to equal it. I have known many men in my time who have made large fortunes, and every one of them loved books at least as much as he loved dollars."

"Baker's Dozen."
The phrase "baker's dozen" arose from the custom of the trade to allow thirteen penny rolls to each dozen sold. The same custom still holds good in the wholesale book trade.

Right.
"You're just a poem, Bens." I said. "And I was right, you see. I knew the way she tossed her head. She was a verse to me."

Origin of By-Law.
"By-law" owes the first part of itself to the word "bye," the old Danish word for town, burg or burgh.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases arising from disordered kidneys or bladder. Sold by J. H. Swan.

LAKE COUNTY'S 52nd Annual

= FAIR =

LIBERTYVILLE

September 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1905

Better Races Exhibits Than Ever Before. Attractions

Speed Program

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6TH

2:24 Trot.....\$300.00

3:00 Trot.....\$300.00

2:18 Pace.....\$300.00

1/4 Mile Running and repeat \$150.00

THURSDAY, SEPT. 7TH

2:28 Trot.....\$300.00

Free-for-all Pace.....\$400.00

2:40 Pace.....\$300.00

1/4 Mile Dash, Running.....\$150.00

FRIDAY, SEPT. 8TH

2:25 Pace.....\$300.00

Free-for-all Trot.....\$400.00

2:40 Trot.....\$300.00

1 Mile Dash, Running.....\$150.00

THE BIGGEST, LIVELIEST AND BEST EVER

MIDWAY

NOT AN OBJECTIONABLE FEATURE

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

The Trick House

This feature is by a team of supple acrobats who keep the people laughing with their funny antics and who conclude with a Trick House, a pantomimic apparatus fitted with spring doors. It creates roars of laughter.

Performance Each Afternoon

Trio of Acrobats

Three of America's most daring aerial performers in feats positively "hair raising." These gentlemen have traveled with the great circuses and have no equals in their line.

Performance Each Afternoon

A NEW AND COMFORTABLE GRAND STAND

Has been Erected on the Grounds for Accommodation of the Public

THERE WILL BE SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE

A good Brass Band has been engaged for 3 days

Her Friends.
"He's infatuated with her, isn't he?"
"I should say so; he says he forgets himself when in her presence. Wouldn't that kill you?"
"Gee! He must forget her face, too."—Houston Post.

Libel!
A well-known lady holds that the one article of furniture about a house that gives a woman most enjoyment is a full-length mirror.

London's Garbage.
About 80,000 tons of dust and refuse is taken away in barges from London every year.

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co

has Money To Loan on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

R. W. Churchill,
Attorney-at-Law
Grayslake, Ill.

ADVERTISE IN THE :: ANTIOCH :: NEWS

THE THIRTEENTH YEAR OF THE Kenosha College of Commerce

begins NEXT TUESDAY.

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH.

VEGETABLE SICILIAN HALL'S Hair Renewer
Perhaps you like your gray hair; then keep it. Perhaps not; then remember—Hall's Hair Renewer always restores color to gray hair. Stops falling hair, also.

THE DIAMOND RIVER

BY DAVID MURRAY

CHAPTER XVI.

The day arranged for the conduct of the sham funeral was nothing less than ghastly. The lead-colored sky seemed to muffle the very chimneys of the town, and from the low roof the rain lashed down in a ceaseless torrent for hours on hour. Monbodo had prepared everything and soon after breakfast he and Harvey set out together for the village cemetery, which was seven miles from their starting point.

Jethroe himself had insisted upon being one of the party, and nothing would satisfy him but that he should see the ceremony through; but his friends had at least succeeded in persuading him not to be seen on an occasion so important to his own safety in a society which might instantly have identified him and brought all his plans to naught. He followed the mourning coach, therefore, in a four-wheeler.

The driver of the vehicle was more than once startled by what he took to be a great burst of laughter from his fare, but the rain and the wind made the man uncertain.

A surprise was waiting for Jethroe, but he met it with an imperturbable face. As his fly drew up at the lodge of the cemetery a door opened, and within the doorway stood gazing carelessly out at the weather the one man on whom the keen adventurer had been most upon his guard from the very beginning of his enterprise. The man was thick set and burly, and round his neck he wore a linen bandage, which had partly slipped away, revealing the fact that he had suffered some injury there, which might, by the look of it, have been a scald. He looked up at the low sky and the plunging rain from side to side, and then, seeing Jethroe in the act of advancing toward him, he recalled a step to make room, and in that very instant raised his eyes to the newcomer's face. His mouth gaped and his eyes stared, and Jethroe looked at him with an aspect of sudden inquiry, as if to ask why a stranger should stare so hard. The man turned away and looked out of the window across the soaking place of burial, and bit his nails in perplexity. He could not refrain from a furtive glance now and again, but Jethroe had set up his eye glass by this time, and was regarding him with a look of puzzled displeasure which he could not face.

"Bout what time," asked Jethroe, with a "Wild West" accent which was limited to the life, "is this melancholy business expected to be over, Mr. Monbodo?"

"By mid-day, sir," said Monbodo—"by mid-day."

"Well," said Jethroe, "I want to see him planted safe and good. It's five and twenty years since I parted with him, and I don't pretend to be as much cut up as I might have been if I had known him closer; but he was my mother's sister's son, and blood's thicker than water, and it's a respectful thing to see the last of him, since I happen to be in this country."

"That is undoubtedly so, Mr.—Mr.—"

Monbodo, muddled, had let slip his employer's simple alias.

"Jones, sir," said Jethroe—"Jethroe Jones. I was christened after his father, out of family compliment. Is this gentleman," he asked, stooping forward in a half-whispering inquiry, and signaling the man with a sideways cast of the thumb—"is this gentleman a relative of the deceased?"

"No," said the burly man in a sulky tone, "I'm no relation. I'm an old acquaintance, though—p'raps about the oldest acquaintance Martin Jethroe had."

"Is that so, sir?" asked Jethroe. "Your hand, sir, if you do not mind. When all is said and done, I am the representative of the family, sir."

The burly man accepted Jethroe's proffered hand, but he feigned no heartiness over it.

"Singular likenesses runs in families," he said in what appeared to be his customary manner—a manner, that is to say, of hangdog ill temper and stubbornness.

"That is so, sir," said Jethroe—"that is so, but it is not so invariably. My fortunate cousin's nephew, for example," indicating Harvey as he spoke, "does not feature his uncle."

"You feature his uncle," said the man, with a queer flash in his eyes.

"Say," said Jethroe, "is that so, now?"

It used to be remarked when we were boys, but growing up makes a difference. Habit makes a difference. It makes a difference whether a man works or whether he lounges, sir; whether he drinks freely, sir, or drinks guardedly. Now, my poor cousin Harvey and me, so far as I could learn about him, was just about as like in our ways as need be—both wanderers, both hard workers and hard lives. Yes; I guess we'd start alike and stop alike. There was one thing 'bout poor Harvey—you call him Martin. I notice, sir, but we always called him Harvey in his youth—there was one thing 'bout him I could never equal. He had the knack of making money, gentlemen. I've got, perhaps, as much as I want—as much as is good for me, maybe—but it's right money mainly; and if I'd ever been killed on the hard pan, like poor old Harvey, I'd have stayed there."

The demeanor of the burly man was strange. He was hangdog, he was furtive, he looked like one who had been overpowered, and yet through all his discomfited there was a kind of peeping occasional indication of something like triumph. A keen watcher and a practiced physiognomist would have seen that he was alternately beguiled, and assured, and that his bewilderment and his certainty each knocked the other on the head with a curiously rapid alternation.

The keeper of the place came to call them, and the quartette—Jethroe, Monbodo, Harvey, and the stranger—ran through the rain to where the first part of the service was to be held. The younger Jethroe lunged his hand. His whole heart revolved at this subterfuge, and he found himself wishing that he had never engaged in it. The sacred words were outraged, to his mind, and the whole business was a debased and debasing

comedy. Happily for him, it was soon over. The wet earth was being shoveled over that repellent imposture of a coffin, and he was driving back with Monbodo, when that worthy spoke for the first time that day of his own initiative.

"Did you happen, sir," he began, smoothing these trembling and blubbery lips of his as he spoke—"did you happen to recognize the man with whom you collided in the corridor in the small hours this morning?"

"No," said Harvey. "What about him?"

"That," replied Monbodo, "was the man at the cemetery. Did you—did you observe him closely at the cemetery?"

"No," said Harvey. "I thought it safest not to display any interest in him."

"Yes, yes, exactly—quite—quite so," said the doctor, who lived in a nervous hurry to propitiate mankind at large. "But I observed him—I saw, I observed him. He knows your uncle, sir; he pierces the disguise. The whole game is played out, sir; the plot is ousted."

"What is to be done?" asked Harvey.

"If this man knows my uncle, the whole plot is spoiled—"

"I have an idea," said Monbodo.

"Mr. Jethroe, I have an idea! Pray don't talk. Leave me to think it out. Yes, sir, I have an idea."

Within a hundred yards of the hotel Jethroe's four wheeler drove past the mourning coach, and when Harvey and Monbodo reached the porch Jethroe was waiting there.

"Come with me," he said, and led the way swiftly to Harvey's sitting room.

"That fellow suspects," he whispered, when he had closed the door.

"He knows," said Monbodo.

"No," said Jethroe, laughing at the doctor's face, which was mottled and shining with anxiety; "he doesn't exactly know, but he suspects. Now, it's your business, Monbodo, to knock him off his perch. You'll get into converse with him; he stays in this hotel. You'll find the fool, you understand—the loose-tongued fool who can't hide anything. You'll hint at a mystery. Harvey here is to be horribly deceived because he can't find something which the deceased is supposed to have possessed. Work up to the problems. Do it cleverly, Monbodo. You may drink up to a point, and you may make him fancy that you're tipsy; but, Monbodo—he paused and shook his heavy forefinger in the doctor's face—"if you let him be right in that guess—"

"Oh, I assure you!" cried Monbodo.

"I shall lay you out, Monbodo," said Jethroe; "I will fill that coffin!"

"No, no!" cried the doctor, as if the threat had been a real one. "There shall be no need for you to trouble about anything of that sort, I do assure you, sir—I really and truly do assure you, sir."

You can trap that fellow as easily as you can kiss your hand," said Jethroe.

"See you do it. And now go. I have something else to talk about."

Monbodo had a holy dread of this big and blustering patron, and was glad to shuffle from his presence. The hotel smoking room was cozy, with its snug fire and its deep armchairs, and the sound of the ceaseless rain that beat against the window made the place tenfold more comfortable and attractive. The stranger of the cemetery was there, with a big tumbler before him.

"A dreadful, dreadful day, sir," said Monbodo.

"Yes," said the stranger, "it's a dirty day."

Monbodo drew up his chair to the other's table.

"Do you know," said Jethroe to his nephew, striding up to him and seizing him by the arm at the instant at which they were left alone, "do you guess who that fellow was who was at the cemetery to-day?"

"No," Harvey answered. "How should I?"

"That," Jethroe whispered, crouching his tall figure till his eyes were on a level with his nephew's, and gripping him unconsciously until he winced, "that is the man of whom that fellow Taylor spoke as 'Little William.'"

"The murderer?" Harvey asked.

"The murderer," said Jethroe, with a dozen slow nods of the head and a pointing under lip that seemed to threaten something, "the man who meant to have my life the very night you and I first met in Chicago; the man who killed my de-faulting partner in mistake for me."

"And he suspects your identity now, in spite of all your plotting and contriving?"

"He suspects; but if Monbodo manages his business well he will not suspect long."

"But why," cried Harvey, in a sudden anguish of rage, "why skulk and hide from a murderer? Why not appeal to the police?"

"I have answered already," said Jethroe, as cool upon a sudden as if the talk had been about the weather. "All the police in the world could not guard my secret. If I had evidence to hang this scoundrel, I would hang him; but that would avail me nothing, for there is a whole syndicate in pursuit of me and of what I carry about with me. Monbodo should have something to report this evening. In the meantime shall we sit down to a game of chess?"

"Chess?" cried Harvey impatiently. "I couldn't play chess at a time like this to save my soul!"

"Ah, well," said Jethroe, with one of his queer laughs, "I suppose it's a question of temperament."

CHAPTER XVII.

Monbodo, reaching over from where he sat, seized the poker and stirred the fire. He did this like an artist, and was not satisfied until he had turned the glowing face of every individual coal to the outside. When he had propped the poker in its place, he mopped his face with a large silk handkerchief. He sat enraptured before that happy vision for a thae; then, after rubbing his hands, he crossed both sides of the tumbler with his palms. He did not drink at that moment, but, having performed this act of benediction, he sank back in his

deep armchair and smiled at the stranger.

"A drop of something warm, sir," said the stranger, "is an uncommonly comfortable thing on a day like this."

"You are right, sir," said Monbodo; "you are indubitably right." And, as if the speech had reminded him of a duty, he emptied the tumbler. He set it down with a contented sigh.

The stranger smoked also, and the two kept silence for a time. The fire purled and rustled as a comfortable fire will when it is at its best, and the rain lashed the window panes. The stranger had a stout walking stick between his knees, and in his abstraction he was toying with the handle of it.

Finally the stranger did a strange thing. He tapped Monbodo on the shoulder with the crook of the stout walking stick and said:

"Was there a corpse in that coffin, doctor?"

Now, if this surprise had come upon Monbodo at any other than the psychological instant at which he was prepared to meet it, he would certainly have betrayed himself. The first thing in the morning anything bowled him over. As the day advanced his nerve gained tone. His sixth tumbler left him invulnerable to fate—for five minutes. Could he have kept himself in that condition, he would have been a man to be envied.

As fortune would have it, he was there in all his forces to withstand the shock the stranger had brought against him. He raised his eyebrows, and he stared at the stranger in the most natural manner in the world. He had very large and rather projecting eyeballs, and when he stared there was a great deal of red-veined white visible. His thick lips were apart, and he scratched his cheek with a forefinger. Doubt sat upon him. His whole attitude seemed to inquire if he had heard aright.

The stranger had leaned forward, walking stick in hand, to signal his companion's attention by that tap on the shoulder, and he had spoken with a true and air and tone. "I know everything, and it isn't worth while to attempt to humbug me for a moment," said the stranger's eye. But when Monbodo turned round to meet that threatening aspect, and did it with so complete an appearance of surprise, the certainty gradually vanished from the other's look, and a half-sheepish wonder slowly took its place. At length things went so ill with the stranger, under Monbodo's staring amazement, that there was nothing left for him but to withdraw his gaze and betake himself to his tumbler. He drank with a most feeble attempt at a swifter, and Monbodo, still looking amazed at him across his tumbler, drank also.

Then that medico set himself to work to play a fantasia on the emotions of the stranger. He did it like an artist, and his companion, watching him closely, believed that he could read his reflections like a book. Now this particular art of pretense is practiced by thousands every day. It is a part of the accustomed liar's stock in trade. But it is a fortunate thing for the world at large that the enormous majority of those who seek to practice it are extremely clumsy, and that they are bowled out ninety-nine times in a hundred. But what Dr. Monbodo's manner said to the stranger was so convincingly said that it was much more persuasive than words. First of all it said, "Have on earth is this man talking about?" Then it said, "Dear me, now! that's really very remarkable, because it reminds me." Then it said, "Upon my word! there's something very curious going on. I'll inquire about it." Then it said, "No, I won't," and then, "Yes, I will," and then, "No, I won't," again. Having carried on his voiceless soliloquy so far, Dr. Monbodo assumed an air of profound cogitation. When he next spoke there was a husky thickness in his voice which he could have cleared away had he so chosen. It served his turn, however. He left it to do its own work on the understanding of his companion.

"Excuse me, sir," he began, "but had you known our deceased friend's affairs?"

He was grotesquely emphatic with a wavering forefinger, and he wore a look of solemn perspicacity, as if he were saying to himself, "I'll turn this fine fellow inside out like a glove." And the stranger recoiled within doors, thinking, "If this fellow does know anything, now's my time." He answered quietly that he had at one time been in Mr. Jethroe's business confidence.

(To be continued.)

Well Supplied.

The young housekeeper has to protect herself, and sometimes she can do it only by an assumption of knowledge. One bride, whose story is told in the New York Press, knew so little about housekeeping that she shuddered before the butcher and baker and the rest of the tradesmen for fear they would discover her ignorance. She always ordered the articles with which she had some acquaintance, and ended her business interviews as quickly as possible.

One day, when she was feeling rather proud of herself in having learned so much from a short experience, the ashman came through the street, uttering his customary cry, "Ash-ees! Ash-ees!" As he neared her window she grew more and more perplexed.

"What on earth is he saying?" she asked herself. At last he appeared at the back door, and there she confronted him.

"Ash-ees!" he inquired, in a husky guttural.

For a moment she looked at him hesitatingly. Then she drew herself up with dignity. "No," said she, coldly, "I don't think I care for any to-day."

Stalls for Cattle.

A countryman brought his sweet-heart into Glasgow to hear a performance by a well-known opera company. Going up to the ticket office, the girl hanging on to the sleeve of his jacket, he banged down a half-sovereign, and said:

"Two seats."

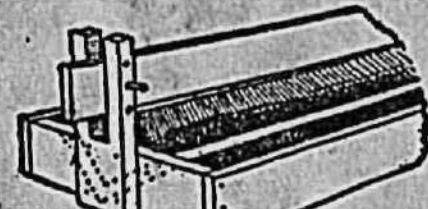
"Stalls?" inquired the clerk.

"Look here, my man," replied Barrymore, rather sharply, "glad that because you came from the country that we're cattle. Gie's two coosioned seats."



Clean Water for Hogs.

How to provide clean water for the hog is one of the problems. It is difficult to devise any means by which water can be kept before the swine at all times and yet be so arranged that the hogs will not wallow in it. It appears, however, as though a valuable suggestion looking to the solution of this point has been made in a late issue of the Iowa Homestead by a Kansas farmer who suggests a plan from which the accompanying cut has



WATER TROUGH FOR HOGS.

been made. Writing to our contemporary this man says:

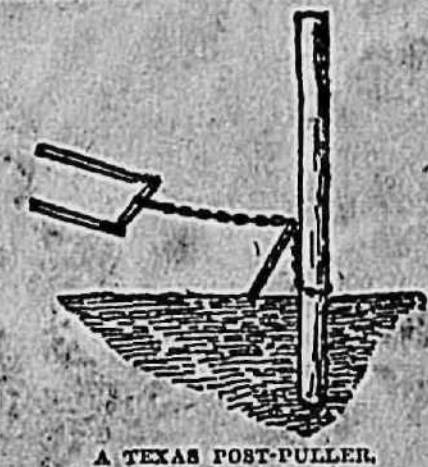
"It is my opinion that many of the maladies and much of the fatality among hogs is due to carelessness on the part of the owner by which the hog is compelled to take into his system large quantities of filth in his drinking water. I know where there are wallowing places it is indeed a problem to prevent this, because if there is one thing which a hog delights in more than another it is to bathe himself in mud and then try to dry it off in the drinking trough, and he generally succeeds quite well. And a bunch of them can usually put three or four inches of mud in the bottom of a trough in a single week. I enclose you a drawing illustrating the plan that I have used for some time in trying to keep my troughs clean. The trough in this case is made out of two planks, one 2x8 and the other 2x6, a piece of eight-inch plank 15 inches long nailed on each end. To this in turn two other planks are nailed, thus furnishing an agency for scraping off considerable mud from the hogs while they are drinking. I then nail on an upright, as is indicated in the illustration, notched so that a plank may be raised or lowered directly above the center of the trough, the height depending upon the size of the hogs that have access to the trough. I acknowledge that it takes a little labor to make troughs of this kind, but where one has a big bunch of hogs I believe that he can save the price of his material and labor almost every day."

Doesn't Pay to Coddle Alfalfa.

If an alfalfa field is in bad condition it is usually best to plow up and re-seed. It scarcely ever pays, at least where irrigation is practiced, to coddle a poor stand of alfalfa. Many growers recommend disking every spring, even when the stand is good, and some have even found it a paying practice to disk after each cutting. Such disking will often prevent the encroachment of weeds. In the Eastern States alfalfa fields sometimes suffer a check in their growth, tend to turn yellow and otherwise show a sickly condition. Oftentimes this condition is accompanied by an attack of alfalfa rust or spot disease. The best remedy for such a condition is to mow the field. The vigorous growth thus induced may overcome the diseased condition.

Way to Pull Posts.

S. W. Leonard says in Farm and Ranch: "I will give a plan for pulling up old fence posts. Take a chain and put it around post close to the ground.



A TEXAS POST-PULLER.

Take a piece of plank, say 2 feet long, 2 inches thick and 8 inches wide; set bottom end about 1 foot from post; let chain come up over plank and lean plank toward post. Fasten single-tree to end of chain and when horses pull the post will come straight up."

Why Strawberry Plants Die.

Many strawberry plants die because they are kept too long after being dug before transplanting. Some die because set too deep and the crown or center of the plant is covered. But in a dry time more plants die from a lack of pressure on the soil about the roots than from all other causes. In a wet season they will live if left on top of the soil with no earth to cover the roots. Plants out of the ground are like fish out of water. Therefore the sooner they are in their natural element the lower the death rate.

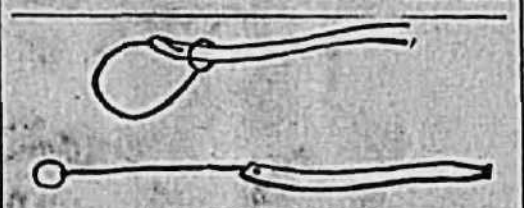
Smut Attacks Late Sown Grain.

Early sowing of cereals when the soil temperature is low gave in experiments with barley, oats and sprig wheat less smut than late sowings. In a similar manner, less smut will be found on those cereals grown on a cold clay soil than on a loamy soil, and, as

a rule, the greatest amount of disease will be found in cereals grown on sandy humus soils. A high temperature of the soil during the first week after sowing favors the germination of the smut spores, and consequently the infection of the cereals. Cereals will germinate and begin their growth at a temperature below that at which the fungus can develop.—New England Homestead.

Corn Shock Hinder.

I have seen two articles of late telling how to tie the corn in the shock. Will give my way, which I believe to be more rapid than either the former articles teach. The accompanying cuts will give the idea at a glance. I take a curved stick (the end of a buggy shaft is best) about 30 inches long. Bore a half-inch hole 3 inches from the larger end and put through it a piece of rope 12 inches long and the ends together, forming a ring or loop. Into this loop tie a piece of rope 3 1/2 feet long, or longer if very large shocks are to be tied. To the other end of this rope tie a 4-inch ring made of 1/2-inch rod (I use an old breeching ring). This makes the compressor complete as shown at Fig. 1. In tying the shock take the stick in your right hand and throw the rope and ring around the shock. Catch ring in left hand and slip stick through it as far as you can, then bring stick to the right until other end passes through the ring, as shown at Fig. 2, when the shock is ready for tying and the compressor can be turned loose, as it will stay in place. This implement can be used for a two-fold purpose. In husking corn I use a shorter one like this for tying stover. Untie the shock and lay it down, then as you pull the ears off gather the stalks in your lap, have the binder lying straight out at your side, and when you get an armful lay the stover across the rope, pick up the ring in one hand and the stick in the other, slip ring over end of stick and slip down until entire stick has passed through the ring the same as in tying shocks. Tie twice around the bundle, which can then be reshocked if not ready to haul. This way takes a little more time at first, but saves time and



CORN SHOCK HINDER.

trouble when you come to haul, and the stover will take less room in the shed.—J. H. Freeman.

Goats or Sheep.

The Angora goat certainly has not yet become very popular in New England. There are a few small flocks, but those who have them seem less enthusiastic than they were two or three years ago, and their neighbors do not seem anxious to invest in them. In Texas and some other States of the South and Northwest they appear to give better satisfaction. Reports from many sections in the Eastern States show an increased interest in sheep and many fine flocks can be found, especially of the larger English mutton breeds. Vermont seems to stand by her Merinos, as she properly should, for they have attained a high reputation and have sold at high prices, but even in that State may be found good flocks of Oxford, Shropshire and Hampshire, and these seem to be the favorites with those who are starting new flocks or those who have flocks of mixed breeds that they wish to improve by crossing with a pure-bred ram of a larger breed. Let the good work go on, until New England has as many sheep in proportion to population as were here a century ago.

Sod-Bound Fruit Trees.

Sod-bound trees are not very common, but they are to be met with. When a tree has made a good growth and has spread out its top to cover its feet there is little danger of its becoming sod-bound, for the branches of the tree catch most of the sunshine and the grass growth below is meager.

The sod-bound condition comes when the tree is either very young or so old that the leaves are thin and few. The young tree that is set in grass ground has never obtained a very good hold of the ground is the one most likely to become sod-bound, which means that the roots of the grass have possession of the soil and are taking most of the plant food and moisture. Such a tree can be relieved by digging out the grass and giving its roots the entire use of the ground.

Lice on Hogs.

Make a lice killer by shaving one-fourth pound of bar soap and boiling for ten minutes, or until the soap is all dissolved, in a half gallon of soft water, then pouring the boiling suds into a gallon of kerosene and stirring briskly until a creamy mass is formed. When wanted for use stir a pint of it in a gallon of warm water and spray them. If the pigs are not affected, give the sows a teaspoonful of sublimed sulphur once per day, also all the charcoal they desire.

Feedling Ducks.

All who raise ducks in large numbers for market find it necessary to feed a considerable quantity of rich food, chiefly meat, in some form. But it is a thing to be done with judgment. Ducks are hearty eaters and digest almost anything, but too much pushing with meat foods is almost certain to kill many of them. Pushing for early markets has to be done with caution.

Weak Bordeaux Mixture.

For the summer spraying of peaches and Japanese plums: Copper sulphate, 2 pounds; fresh lime (unsifted), 5 pounds; water, 50 gallons.—Rhode Island Formula.

Political Comment.

Republican Policies.
The mining interests of Missouri and Kansas are receiving a pleasant object lesson just now as to the beneficial effects of Republican principles and policies. As a result of the ruling of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw that British Columbian zinc ore must pay 20 per cent import duty to enter the United States, zinc ore in this section has advanced \$1.50 per ton. This advance in price is believed by mining authorities to be a legitimate result of the increased demand for the American product consequent upon Secretary Shaw's decision that the foreign zinc ores shall be dutiable at the 20 per cent ad valorem rate, and there is every prospect that prices will go higher in the next few weeks. The fact that the advance is not speculative, but is based on legitimate trade demands, indicates that there will be no backward tendency in the market.

This increased prosperity in the mining interests will be felt as a quickening impulse throughout all the industries of this section. A California paper estimated a short time ago that the mining properties of Missouri exceeded in value those of all the gold and silver mines in the country, and that with proper protection to her mining industry an enormous increase in development would ensue. The beneficial effects of the present stimulus will be especially valuable to Kansas, which has great mining wealth as yet practically undeveloped.

In this protection to a great industry Missouri is given a happy illustration of the difference between Republican and Democratic policies. Under the latter Missouri's mineral wealth would have languished under foreign competition; under the former her immense resources will continue in healthy growth and development, adding millions to the assets of the State and adding much to the comfort and contentment in the homes of the toilers in the mines. The illustration is particularly appropriate at this time, when Missouri is enjoying the peace and quiet of an efficient and business-like Republican State administration.—Kansas City Journal.

Learn Trade Conditions.

Unfortunately, both Germany and France are looking for markets for precisely the same kind of manufactures that we are trying to sell abroad. They are not exporting grain, it is true, nor are they trying to develop a foreign market for live stock and meats, but would it be worth while to buy admission into their ports for our grain by sacrificing American manufacturing industries that are better customers of the American farmer than either the Germans or Frenchmen ever could be? As to meat products, it will be acknowledged that at prevailing prices in this country the need of a foreign market does not appear to be urgent.

The American producer who wishes to turn exporter ought to take it upon himself to look the world over and find a market. Ignorance of trade conditions abroad has done more to limit exports than any other factor. The federal government has fostered American industries by protecting them in the home market, but it cannot invent a law that will preserve the home market for all American producers and at the same time induce foreign competitors to open their doors wide for the surplus American products. A law cannot be made like the gun that would "kill if it is a deer and miss if it is a calf."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

All Lead to Disaster.

The big importers, calling themselves the "business men of New York," want a special session of Congress to rly things, so that they will not have to pay such heavy import duties.

The shoe manufacturers of Massachusetts and New England want a special session of Congress to remove the duties from hides in order that they may have cheaper raw material from which to make shoes at present prices.

They also want Canadian "reciprocity in farm products" to give their employees cheaper breadstuffs than can be obtained from the western farms. Every ripper has a different purpose, but the end of all ripping would be the same—disaster to the treasury and business of the United States.—Trenton Gazette.

Reduction in Freight Rates.

In 1894 and 1895 the average freight rates per ton per mile on the Pennsylvania railroad were 2.405 cents and 2.715 cents, respectively. In 1903 the freight rate per ton per mile was 0.905 cent. Protection by cheapening rails from \$100 to \$28 per ton and by increasing the demand for transportation has reduced rates 75 per cent, has doubled wages and benefited every one.

They Remember.

With all this clamor about tariff revision it is to be hoped "that the memory of the Iowa farmer runs back ten years in order that he may know what he was then getting for wool he is today selling at 25 to 30 cents."—Fairfield (Iowa) Ledger. The Oregon farmer also has a memory, and it applies on the same subject.—Salem (Ore.) Statesman.

The only sure defense is self-defense.

THE TURN OF LIFE

A Time When Women Are Susceptible to Many Dread Diseases—Intelligent Women Prepare for It. Two Relate Their Experience.

The "change of life" is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason. Every woman who neglects the care of her health at this time invites disease and pain. When her system is in a "dangered" condition, or she is predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of any organ, the tendency is at this period likely to become active—and with a host of nervous irritations, make life a burden. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work. Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headache, palpitations, dizziness, ringing in the ears, palpitation of the heart, spasms before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness, and incontinence, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected. These symptoms are all just as many cries from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried thousands of women safely through this crisis. For special advice regarding this important period women are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and it will be furnished absolutely free of charge. Read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle. Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I had been suffering with falling of the womb for years and was passing through the change of life. My womb was badly swollen, my stomach was sore; I had dizzy spells, sick headaches, and was very nervous. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.



Mrs. A.E.G. Hyland

"I wrote you for advice and commenced treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as you directed, and I am happy to say that all those distressing symptoms have left me and I have passed safely through the change of life, a well woman. I am recommending your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. Annie E. G. Hyland, Chester, Md.

Another Woman's Case. "During change of life words cannot express what I suffered. My physician said I had a cancerous condition of the womb. One day I read some of the testimonials of women who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I decided to try it and to write you for advice. Your medicine made me a well woman, and all my bad symptoms soon disappeared. I advise every woman at this period of life to take your medicine and write you for advice."—Mrs. Lizzie Hinkle, Salem, Ind. What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Hyland and Mrs. Hinkle it will do for any woman at this time of life. It has conquered pain, restored health, and prolonged life in cases that utterly baffled physicians.

Mull's Grape Tonic

WRITE FOR THIS FREE BOTTLE TODAY SEE COUPONS BELOW

A POSITIVE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLE

Until Mull's Grape Tonic came upon the American market there was no cure for Constipation. We believe the best way to convince you that Mull's Grape Tonic is a positive cure is to give you a bottle and prove it. Constipation indicates that your bowels or intestines are in a state of decay and death. Beware of physics—Pills, etc., they make you worse. If you are afflicted use these free coupons at once while the offer is open for yourself and give one each to your friends or neighbors who need it.

<p>FREE COUPON NO. 1</p> <p>Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.</p> <p>MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 21 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois Give Full Address and Write Plainly The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.</p>	<p>FREE COUPON NO. 2</p> <p>Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.</p> <p>MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 21 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois Give Full Address and Write Plainly The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.</p>
<p>FREE COUPON NO. 3</p> <p>Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.</p> <p>MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 21 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois Give Full Address and Write Plainly The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.</p>	<p>FREE COUPON NO. 4</p> <p>Send this coupon with your name and address and your druggist's name, for a free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, Stomach Tonic and Constipation Cure.</p> <p>MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 21 Third Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois Give Full Address and Write Plainly The \$1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. At drug stores.</p>

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE

Castoreo

CANDY CATHARTIC

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

Troubled with the peculiar odor of their sex, used as a douche is marvellously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local sores.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES. For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free. THE N. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PENSION ROBERT W. THOMAS, Successor to J. H. PAXTON, 1000 Broadway, New York City. For full particulars of the Pension Bureau and its history, send for the Pension Book, 50 cents a copy. B. N. U. No. 35-1905

A FAST RUN ON THE ROCK ISLAND

181 Miles in 100 Minutes, Including Stops. A new instance of fast railroad time was added to the history of quick runs some two weeks ago, when the Rock Island's Rocky Mountain Limited made a phenomenal burst of speed into Chicago. This train leaves Denver daily at 11:20 a. m., and makes a running time between Denver and Chicago of 27 hours. On the day referred to the train arrived at Rock Island (181 miles from Chicago) an hour and a half behind its schedule, owing to an unavoidable delay in transit.

On the train was Mr. Thos. Botterill, who was hastening to New York on a matter of urgent business. It was imperative that he make connection with the Lake Shore Flyer, which leaves Chicago shortly after the arrival of the Rocky Mountain Limited. When the Mississippi river was reached and Mr. Botterill realized how late he was he almost despaired of reaching New York in time. His fellow passengers, learning of his predicament, volunteered to assist financially in raising a purse for the engineer if he would make up the lost time. They realized that they would have an exciting ride and were willing to pay for it. The engineer consented to do his best and the race for Chicago was commenced.

The Rock Island right of way across Illinois is double-tracked and in superior condition. Five regular stops were made and between them passengers say the train touched the track only in its high places. At three different times a speed of 93 miles an hour was recorded, and for a majority of the distance the train whizzed along at a 70-mile-per-hour clip. The flyer arrived in Chicago ten minutes ahead of the schedule on which it was running and Mr. Botterill had an opportunity to alight and stretch his legs before taking the Lake Shore train. When interviewed he modestly refrained from posing as the hero of a mad ride, in which records were sent glimmering, and all of his expressions with regard to the unusual exploit were in a very matter-of-fact tone, as though it was nothing of more than ordinary interest.

Rock Island officials also make no boast over the accomplishment, fast runs being of frequent occurrence on that road. The 65 new engines which the Rock Island has recently placed in service on its various divisions are all models of the latest type and built for speed. Every day of the week sees one of these monster greathoums of the rail reeling off the miles at a rate that makes the telegraph poles look like a picket fence. Only the train performance sheets reveal the special bursts of speed that now and then come to the general knowledge through some admiring passenger's account.

No Rhythm. The amateur poet scratched his head. "It must be somewhere," he murmured, "but where is it?" "Where is what?" asked his friend. "Why, I'm writing a verse and I want a rhyme, but I can't find it. I want a rhyme for the word 'twelfth'." "Good reason," replied his friend. "There's no such rhyme in the English language. That isn't the only unrhymed word. According to Tom Hood there are just a score of them, although he forgot to include that word. His list includes bludge, chimney, calf, crimson, cult, cusp, fugue, gulf, have, kiln, microcosm, month, mouth (verb), oblique, rhomb, scarce, scarf, silver, widow and window. Some of these words may be rhymed by two others combined, such as oil, oh, for widow, but none can be rhymed with another single word."

Lesson for Women. Jersey Shore, Pa., Aug. 23.—(Special.)—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done worlds of good for me." That's what Mrs. C. B. Earnest of this place has to say of the Great American Kidney Remedy. "I was laid up sick," Mrs. Earnest continues, "and had not been out of bed for five weeks. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I am so I can work and go to town without suffering any. I would not be without Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have good reason to praise them everywhere."

How She Landed Him. Edith—Papa told me to tell you you mustn't come here any more. He says you are a dangerous man. Edward—Dangerous man! What does he mean? Edith—He says you're the sort of a fellow who will hang around a girl for years and never marry her.

Just Before the Ceremony. Clarence—I told the minister he mustn't kiss you. Cordelia—And what did he say? Clarence—He thanked me and said under these circumstances he would only charge me half the usual fee.

CASTORIA

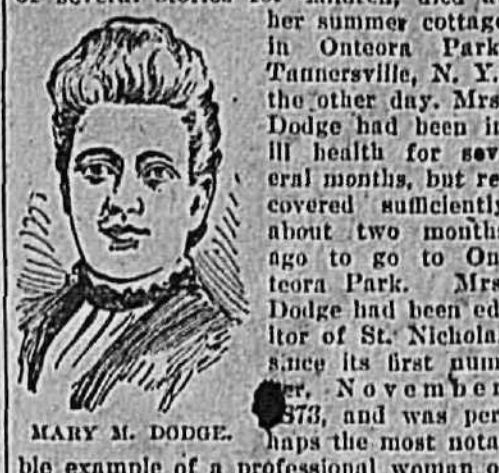
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Fitch*

DEATH OF MARY MAPES DODGE

Editor of St. Nicholas and Well-Known Author. Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge, poetess, editor of St. Nicholas Magazine and author of several stories for children, died at her summer cottage in Ontario Park, Tannersville, N. Y., the other day. Mrs. Dodge had been in ill health for several months, but recovered sufficiently about two months ago to go to Ontario Park. Mrs. Dodge had been editor of St. Nicholas since its first number, November, 1873, and was perhaps the most notable example of a professional woman of letters. But whilst she never lost the womanly side of her nature, and whether as woman or editor she never neglected an opportunity to give a helpful word of advice to those who came her way. It would be hard to tell how many young writers of promise she has developed into writers of prominence. While her name always will be linked with St. Nicholas, she had gained well-earned fame as a writer of stories, essays and poems long before it was published. Among her best-known earlier works are "Hans Brinker, a Story of Life in Holland," and "The Irrepressible Conflict." Among her later publications are "Donald and Dorothy," "Theophilus and Others," "When Life Is Young," and "The Land of Pluck." She was born in New York City, her father being Prof. James J. Mapes, and married William Dodge, a lawyer, in 1851.



MARY M. DODGE

DISASTER DUE TO NEGLIGENCE. Explosion of Gunboat Bennington Caused by Carelessness. Three enlisted men who perished and one officer who still lives have been pronounced responsible for the boiler explosion which wrecked the gunboat Bennington and killed and wounded half the ship's company at San Diego, Cal.

CURZON QUILTS INDIAN POST

Resigns as Viceroy and Lord Minto's Named His Successor. The resignation of Lord Curzon of Kedleston as viceroy of India and the appointment of the Earl of Minto, now Governor General of Canada, as his successor, was recently announced at the India office in London. According to the correspondence, which is issued in the form of a white book, it appears that Lord Curzon's resignation was cabled to that office on Aug. 12.

The correspondence shows a decidedly bitter feeling between Lord Curzon, the India office and Lord Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the forces in India, over the new plan of army administration in India. Lord Curzon's dissatisfaction came to a head with the refusal of the cabinet to appoint Major General Sir Edmund Barrow, on Lord Curzon's recommendation, military supply member of the council.

Among the public in India general sympathy is being expressed for Lord Curzon, who for eight weeks has been confined to his bed, from where he conducted his fight single-handed against the cabinet. There is widespread regret that he has felt himself obliged to resign, despite the almost unanimous support of the press and commercial bodies. The friends of Lord Kitchener are jubilant and the commander-in-chief of the forces now stands as the de facto viceroy, with his prestige greatly enhanced. In the opinion of the natives, Lord Kitchener's power is supreme.

Increased interest attaches to the resignation of Lord Curzon from the fact that his wife was formerly Miss Mary Letter, daughter of the late L. Z. Letter, of Chicago. They were married in Washington, April 22, 1895, when the groom was Sir George Curzon, M. P. In 1898 Sir George was appointed viceroy of India and shortly afterward was raised to the peerage, with the title of Baron Curzon of



LADY CURZON



LORD CURZON

Kedleston. Lady Curzon has shared the honors of her husband in India and has brilliantly performed her part as vicereine.

TRADE IS BEING RUINED.

Merchants in China Now Regretting American Boycott. The United States representative at Shanghai, Gen. Rogers, has informed the State Department that the Chinese Chamber of Commerce at Shanghai deprecates the continuance of the boycott in China against American goods, which the merchants say is attributable in large part to the students. They claim that their business is seriously affected as a result. The news is regarded in Washington as being very significant.

The boycott was first instituted at Shanghai, and singularly enough by the very Chamber of Commerce which is now anxious to terminate it. According to reports from the State Department, the agitation extended as far south as the Straits Settlements, where the import business is largely controlled by Chinese merchants, and Consul General Wilber stated that the Shanghai boycott, as proclaimed by the Chamber of Commerce, has been adopted by the chamber at Singapore.

From Mr. Rogers' report it is inferred that the merchants who started the boycott have found themselves heavy losers in trade as a result and are desirous of removing it. The department also has been informed that Minister Rockhill has secured the aid of the Chinese government in stopping the anti-American movement.

READY FOR G. A. R. CAMP.

Denver Committee Perfect Plans for Reunion Beginning Sept. 4. With the approach of the thirty-ninth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Sept. 4, the local committees in Denver, Colo., announce that they have plans perfected for handling the thousands of visitors who will be in attendance. They declare that the coming encampment will break all records for attendance and some estimate the probable number of visitors at 100,000. All the churches in the downtown district, school buildings, halls and vacant storehouses have been engaged as meeting places and headquarters.

A new feature in encampment will be introduced by the Denver general committee. All veterans, drum corps, etc., that place services at the disposal of the committee will have their quarters and meals provided free.

President Harriman of the Southern Pacific has offered the Kentucky authorities \$48,000 to settle the tax dispute of the company with that State. The claim is for unpaid taxes amounting to \$11,857,002, for the years between 1900 and 1903.

Nicholas Stein, who has been on trial at Fargo, N. D., on a charge of having murdered Charles Dolman during a quarrel over a woman, has been found guilty of manslaughter. The jury fixed the penalty at six and one-half years' imprisonment.



CLEMENTINA GONZALES, OF CENTRAL AMERICA, RESTORED TO HEALTH. PE-RU-NA THE REMEDY

Miss Clementina Gonzales, Hotel Provenza, Guatemala, C. A., in a recent letter from 247 Cleveland Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I took Peru-na for a worn-out condition. I was so run down that I could not sleep at night, had no appetite and felt tired in the morning."

"I tried many tonics, but Peru-na was the only thing which helped me in the least. After I had taken but a half bottle I felt much better. I continued its use for three weeks and I was completely restored to health, and was able to take up my studies which I had been forced to drop. There is nothing better than Peru-na to build up the system."—Clementina Gonzales.

Address: The Peru-na Medicine Co., of Columbus, Ohio, for instructive free literature on catarrh.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lancet's Tea" or "LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE."

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE. All druggists or by mail 25c, and 50c. Buy it to-day. Lancet's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, O. F. Woodard, La Hay, N. Y.

Cheaper Lands

BETTER CROPS. That is the story in a nutshell of the wonderful Canadian Wheat Lands which we now at \$12.50 PER ACRE on any day after September 1st. Buy your high-priced farm and buy this best wheat land in the world. Good schools, water, climate and railroad facilities. Write us now for our offer to allow one farmer in each locality to accompany one of our great agents and inspect this wonderful land. Full description mailed free. Write to us, NORTHWEST LAND & TRUST CO., Seattle, Ill.

SMOKERS FIND LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER 35 Cigarettes Better Quality than most 10 Cigarette Your jobber or direct from Factory, Peoria, Ill.

DRUNKENNESS AND DRUG HABIT CURED. NANTANUM, KINSON PARK, ILL. 24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,
AND DO A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 4.8 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago. Ar. Antioch.
8:35 AM—No. 6, Daily except Sunday 10:40 AM
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily except Sunday 3:15 PM
4:30 PM—No. 13, Daily 6:30 PM
5:00 PM—No. 6, Daily except Sunday 6:45 PM
8:30 AM—Sunday Special 10:40 AM
2:45 AM 4:44 AM

GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch. Ar. Chicago.
6:57 AM—Daily except Sunday 8:50 AM
7:15 AM—No. 14, Daily except Sunday 10:20 AM
11:47 AM—No. 8, Daily except Sunday 1:05 PM
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily except Sunday 6:45 PM
9:08 PM—No. 13, Daily 10:40 PM
6:22 PM—Sunday Special 8:40 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halsted street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP, No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting neighbors always welcome. C. M. MANLEY, V. C. J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 37, A. W. A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.

PROVED IT TO HIM.

Object Lesson for the Disbeliever in Imagination.

Imagination in some people is exceedingly strong. One day recently a local physician was talking to a friend about the power of it.

"Will," said the doctor, "you have about the strongest imagination I ever knew of."

"My imagination isn't very strong," replied the other.

"Yes it is. Some day I'll prove it to you," came from the physician. A week later the two men were walking down town together when the doctor handed his friend a cigar.

"It's mighty strong, Will," he said; "so strong, in fact, that the same brand frequently makes me sick. But I call it have."

The other smiled. "It won't make me sick," he said. He lighted the cigar. Just as they were about to go to the doctor said:

"Will, you're looking pale around the eyes. What's wrong?"

"Rankly," said the other, "that cigar made me slightly ill. I never smoked as strong a weed."

"It was the doctor's turn to smile. That is one of the mildest cigars made," he said. "I was just trying to show you how strong your imagination is."

The doctor's friend got over his illness at once. "Well," he said, "you've done it."—Kansas City Times.

Peculiar Disappearance.

J. D. Runyan, of Butlerville, O., laid the peculiar disappearance of his painful symptoms, of indigestion and biliousness, to Dr. King's New Life Pills. He says: "They are a perfect remedy, for dizziness, sour stomach, headache, constipation, etc." Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store, price 25c.

Booth and the Brass Monkey.

Years ago, about the time Hoyt's "A Brass Monkey" was attracting theatergoers, a young actor who had made a hit with his part in this show happened to meet Edwin Booth taking his morning stroll down Tremont street, in Boston.

Mustering up courage and "feeling his part," the young man decided to speak to the great actor. What followed will be appreciated by those who knew Booth and his temperament.

"Good morning, Mr. Booth," the young man said.

Booth excused himself for not recognizing him, and the young man said: "Don't you know me? Why, I play the Brass Monkey."

Booth, with a look of scorn, retorted: "Well, brass monkeys are scarce," and passed on.

Civilization of Canaan.

Lecturing on "Canaan One Hundred Years Before the Exodus," Dr. Sayce said recently that the civilized oriental world of the Moslem age was as highly civilized as that of the present day. Correspondence from the Egyptian foreign office of 1400 B. C., was contained in the cuneiform tablets discovered at Tel-el-Amarna, nearly twenty years ago. Well organized postal services, high roads, colleges and libraries existed, and there was ample evidence that monarchs were anxious to protect the trade of the country.

**KILL THE COUGH
AND CURE THE LUNGS**
WITH **Dr. King's**
New Discovery
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS. Price 50c a \$1.00. Free Trial.
Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES OF MONEY BACK.

STOLIDITY OF ANGLO-SAXON.

Oliver Wendell Holmes' Meeting with Son After Long Search.

"Few of those who witnessed the opening session of the United States Supreme Court at the National capital last fall," said a judge, "recalled the fact that Justice Holmes once served his country on the field, even as he does now in her highest tribunal. So, in all probability, none of them realized that the dignified judge seated furthest at the right of the chief justice was the 'my Captain' of Oliver Wendell Holmes the First, the hero of that delightful sketch by the essayist-poet, which he called 'In Search of the Captain.' Yet it was a true story—of the paternal quest for the son reported seriously wounded at Antietam. Numerous distressing circumstances united to throw the anxious father off the track again and again, but at length the search culminated happily in a railroad train. This is what Dr. Holmes wrote of it:

"In the first car on the fourth seat to the right, I saw my Captain. There saw I him, even my first born, whom I had sought through many cities."

"How are you, boy?"

"Such were the prophecies of life as observed among us Anglo-Saxons of the nineteenth century, and only disguising those natural impulses that made Joseph, the prime minister of Egypt, weep aloud so that the Egyptians and the house of Pharaoh heard—nay, which had once overcome his shaggy old uncle, Esau, so entirely that he fell on his brother's neck and cried like a baby in the presence of all the women."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Fiendish Suffering.

is often caused by sores, ulcers and cancers, that eat away your skin. Wm. Beedel, of Flat Rock, Mich., says: "I have used Bucklen's Arnica Salve for Ulcers, Sores and Cancers. It is the best healing dressing I ever found." Soothe and heal cuts, burns and scalds. 25c at J. H. Swan drug store; guaranteed.

Clarke Littlehale of Bethel.

Clarke Littlehale was a typical country stage driver and a noted wag and joker in the region surrounding Bethel, Me. A neighbor of his, who for want of any other name we will call Mr. Brown, said to him one day:

"Clarke, I want to find a good man to help me transplant a lot of cabbages the first full day. Can't you send me some one?"

"Yes," said Clarke. "I'll send you Jim What's his name."

The dull day and Jim soon came, and Mr. Brown endeavored to make them both useful, but as far as the latter was concerned the attempt was a disastrous failure.

Meeting the stage driver again, soon afterward, he said to him, somewhat emphatically:

"Clarke, I thought you said Jim What's his name was a good hand to transplant cabbages?"

"Well," responded the generally supposed encyclopedia of all local information, "I thought of course he must be a good hand at that; they say every man is good at something, and I swear he ain't good for anything else."

A Touching Story.

is the saving from death of the baby girl of Geo. A. Eyer, Cumberland, Md. He writes: "At the age of 11 months our little girl was in declining health, with serious throat trouble, and two physicians gave her up. We were almost in despair, when we resolved to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. The first bottle gave relief; after taking four bottles she was cured, and is now in perfect health." Never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. At J. H. Swan's drug store; 50c and \$1 guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

That Is Love.

For the most part, lovers, in these degenerate days, are a halfhearted race; but there is, at least, one adorer of the old school left in the country. His name is John Wilkins, and a little while ago he happened to be passing the scene of some building operations, and half a brick fell upon John Wilkins, and by the time it had finished falling the nose of John resembled a tomato which had seen better days.

He was taken to a surgeon, and naturally the surgeon wished to get to work at once, but—

"One moment," said John Wilkins; "this operation must be delayed for at least an hour. Give me a telegraph form."

The form was brought, and addressed to a certain Miss Nina Darling. And the message which was inscribed upon it ran:

"Nose broken, dear. How do you prefer it set? Greek or Roman?"—London Answers.

Great Consignment of Cheese.

A record consignment of cheese was recently dispatched from Liverpool to London. It consisted of 5,000 cheeses, weighing 200 tons, and was consigned to one person, a London merchant. The whole of the cheese was Canadian. Its value was about \$45,000. Some thirty-two railway trucks were required for the carriage of the cheese.

The Meekest Does His Share.

In knocking up and down the world I've found that, as a rule, There's a mighty lot of kicking In the meekest-looking mule.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Kidney and Bladder Disorders in Every Form. For Men, Women, Children and the Elderly.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

When the kidneys are diseased, the whole system is affected.

It is the only medicine that cures the kidneys and bladder.

ON TORPEDO CRAFT.

LITTLE COMFORT IN A LONG WASPS OF THE SEA.

Cramped Quarters and Intense Heat Make Life Almost Intolerable When the Harsh Have to Be Closed on Account of Heavy Seas.

Each of the torpedo craft carries a crew of from sixty to seventy men, and when one considers the size of the space in which it is necessary for these men to move about in operating the powerful and intricate machinery and the small space also, one must marvel at the ability of the crew to live and work under such conditions.

To live in the torpedo craft is to live in a cramped and hot space, and to stand at a desk for hours at a stretch, and to sleep in food, such is life on a torpedo boat.

Officers and men are not allowed to smoke, and the only recreation is to look out of the portholes and see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

The life of a torpedo boat crew is a life of constant strain and worry, and the only comfort is to see the world go by.

You Look Yellow

The trouble is, your liver's sick. One of its products, "bile," is overflowing into your blood.